1A4 = State Dept 7277 Freedom Form WW
1A2 = The Victory Purge

U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Washington, D.C. 20535

May 30, 2006

MR ERNIE LAZAR
APARTMENT 6
577 SOUTH THORNHILL ROAD
PALM SPRINGS, CA 92264 7884

equiv file

Subj: "Unnamed Org of Dallas TX Patriots"
xref = Burchwell

HQ = 100-439412
Dallas 80-643

unknown subject related to Burchwell + this org

Dallas
~~HQ~~

#1 = 10/4/62
#25 = 12/15/64

Subject: FILE 105 1475

FOIPA No. 1031296- 000

Dear Mr. Lazar:

The enclosed documents were reviewed under the Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA), Title 5, United States Code, Section 552/552a. Deletions have been made to protect information which is exempt from disclosure, with the appropriate exemptions noted on the page next to the excision. In addition, a deleted page information sheet was inserted in the file to indicate where pages were withheld entirely. The exemptions used to withhold information are marked below and explained on the enclosed Form OPCA-16a:

Deseg Univ of MS - Edwin A Walker

Dallas 157-203
HQ 157-401
Memphis 157-147

Section 552		Section 552a
☐(b)(1)	☐(b)(7)(A)	☐(d)(5)
☒(b)(2)	☐(b)(7)(B)	☐(j)(2)
☐(b)(3)_____	☒(b)(7)(C)	☐(k)(1)
_____	☒(b)(7)(D)	☐(k)(2)
_____	☐(b)(7)(E)	☐(k)(3)
_____	☐(b)(7)(F)	☐(k)(4)
☐(b)(4)	☐(b)(8)	☐(k)(5)
☐(b)(5)	☐(b)(9)	☐(k)(6)
☒(b)(6)		☐(k)(7)

Dallas
157-342 = American Eagle Publishing Co.
157-425 Alleged Klan Participation In Insurrection plot
equiv HQ = 157-213

145 **page(s)** were reviewed and 143 **page(s)** are being released.

☐ Document(s) were located which originated with, or contained information concerning other Government agency(ies) [OGA]. This information has been:

- ☐ referred to the OGA for review and direct response to you.
- ☐ referred to the OGA for consultation. The FBI will correspond with you regarding this information when the consultation is finished.

Birm 157-

☒ You have the right to appeal any denials in this release. Appeals should be directed in writing to the Co-Director, Office of Information and Privacy, U.S. Department of Justice,1425 New York Ave., NW, Suite 11050, Washington, D.C. 20530-0001 within sixty days from the date of this letter. The envelope and the letter should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Appeal" or "Information Appeal." Please cite the FOIPA number assigned to your request so that it may be easily identified.

☐ The enclosed material is from the main investigative file(s) in which the subject(s) of your request was the focus of the investigation. Our search located additional references, in files relating to other individuals, or matters, which may or may not be about your subject(s). Our experience has shown, when ident, references usually contain information similar to the information processed in the main file(s). Because of our significant backlog, we have given priority to processing only the main investigative file(s). If you want the references, you must submit a separate request for them in writing, and they will be reviewed at a later date, as time and resources permit.

☒ See additional information which follows.

Sincerely yours,

David M. Hardy
Section Chief
Record/Information
Dissemination Section
Records Management Division

Enclosure(s)

To minimize costs to both you and the FBI, extra file copies of the same document were not processed.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

Serial Description ~ COVER SHEET 10/04/1962

Total Deleted Page(s) ~ 2
Page 44 ~ b6, b7C
Page 169 ~ b6, b7C

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X for this Page X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

Dallas, Texas
October 4, 1962

UNNAMED ORGANIZATION OF
DALLAS, TEXAS PATRIOTS

2/26/98 5668-360/mdc (JFK)

On October 1, 1962, Lieutenant [redacted] Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, advised SA [redacted] that at 6:32 A.M. on September 30, 1962, ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL, 1527 Annex, Dallas, Texas, was arrested for speeding by Dallas Police Officers [redacted] and [redacted] At the time BURCHWELL was arrested Officer [redacted] noticed a .357 Smith & Wesson magnum pistol, No. 185221, in a holster under the driver's seat. A switchblade knife was removed from the pocket of BURCHWELL and when they opened the trunk of the car driven by BURCHWELL they found a .303 Enfield Rifle loaded and three .22 caliber Strum-Ruger automatic pistols. There were 2000 rounds of 30.06 rifle ammunition, 1000 rounds of .22 caliber cartridges and twenty rounds of .303 rifle ammunition. There was an army pack containing blankets and a change of clothes. BURCHWELL told the arresting officers he was going to Mississippi to stand beside former Army General EDWIN A. WALKER and try to prevent federal encroachment upon the states rights of Mississippi. Also found in the automobile when BURCHWELL was arrested was a pasteboard box about one foot square which contained possibly 200 or 300 cards bearing data on the front and back. It appeared to be some type of a record with places to show months of the year and the years 1963 through 1970, and a place for initiation fee, dues and assessments. On the reverse side appeared a mimeographed list of such items as a person in the army might carry in active duty. The items listed were rifles, pistols and various items of camping equipment. Several cards had writing on them which appeared to be a code of some type.

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On September 30, 1962, Dallas Confidential Informant [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that BURCHWELL had [redacted]

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7 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Memphis (RM)
1 - New Orleans (RM)
2 - Dallas (105-New)
JPH:HM
(11)

4-16-98 FBI 34
KK/DGP Unnamed Organization of Dallas TX

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[redacted]

On October 3, 1962, [redacted] identified one of the membership type cards found in possession of BURCHWELL as the membership card of an organization in Dallas, Texas. According to [redacted], this organization has no name. It at one time had a name but it was decided that if the organization had no name it could not be cited, and its members if asked if they belonged to an organization, they could deny membership in the organization since it had no name and, therefore, could not be identified as such. [redacted] stated this was strictly a Dallas organization and was not connected with the MINUTEMEN or any similar type organization, although this Dallas organization did have contact with persons in similar type groups in other cities. [redacted] further stated that the members referred to each other as "PATRIOTS" in much the same manner that Communist Party members used to refer to each other as "COMRADE." [redacted] would not state the number or names of persons affiliated with the organization other than ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL. This organization was formed in Dallas over two years ago. Its aims and purposes are to prepare for the day that the communists occupy the United States. [redacted] noted that all of the members are convinced that the United States will either surrender directly to the communists or through the United Nations and permit communist nations to occupy this country. The members of this organization are then prepared to commence guerrilla resistance to such communist occupation. The organization is divided into groups with a captain heading each group and the captain makes the decisions for the area covered by his group. The various group captains then form a board which directs the overall activities of the unnamed organization.

[redacted] stated that the members of this unnamed organization are all to obtain the equipment noted on the reverse of the membership cards and are to retain arms and ammunition in their possession. They participate in firearms training and other methods of guerrilla warfare and they have base camps for such training. [redacted] stated that all members of the organization are sworn to secrecy and that there would be a death sentence to anyone in the organization who violated this. According to [redacted] most of the members of the organization are opposed to most American politicians and they don't feel that we have had a good president since CALVIN COOLIDGE. All of these persons are strongly opposed to PRESIDENT KENNEDY and his brother, ATTORNEY GENERAL ROBERT F. KENNEDY, but for that matter they are also very strongly opposed to former PRESIDENT EISENHOWER and his brother, DR. MILTON EISENHOWER. [redacted] denied that there was any connection by this group and former Army Major General EDWIN A. WALKER, and denied that [redacted] is a member, although stated he is a good patriot. [redacted] stated this organization is not connected with the JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY, but noted that most of its

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members are present or former members of the JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY. [redacted] further stated that all members of the organization must be Christians and there is no racial aspect to the organization. [redacted] noted that [redacted] of the Texas Air National Guard, the individual who caused the formation of the NATIONAL INDIGNATION COMMITTEE over the training of Yugoslav pilots in the United States, was proposed for membership, but he was turned down when it was learned that he was an atheist. [redacted] further advised that one-third of the membership of that organization are instructed to join "liberal" organizations, such as the AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION, and establish a reputation as "liberals," and thus be in a position to remain behind when and if the communists take over and pose as friends of the communists and thus be able to assist the other two-thirds of the members who join guerrilla bands.

[redacted] declined to identify any members or give the number of members in Dallas.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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For Informational Purposes Only

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

The originals removed from this file and replaced with duplicate copies of the original were accessioned to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) pursuant to the JFK Records Collection Act of 1992. Provision of the JFK Act allowed for certain information to be postponed from public release until the year 2017; therefore, the pages have **NOT** necessarily been released for public review in their entirety.

Under the JFK Act, originals to all material deemed assassination records must be accesssioned to NARA regardless of whether the material is open in full or released with information postponed. Therefore, any documents or pages from FBI files accessioned to NARA pursuant to the JFK Act are no longer considered the possession of the FBI. The duplicate pages have been inserted strictly for research purposes.

The copies contained herein **do not** necessarily show the most up-to-date classification.

To attain a copy of the publicly released version of any materials maintained in the JFK Collection at the NARA facility in College Park, MD, you may contact the JFK Access Staff, at 301/713-6620.

The following materials were removed from this file and are maintained in the JFK Collection at NARA:

File & Serial Number	JFK Subject Identifier (for NARA purposes) Additional Request # 34
(DC)105-1475-1	Unnamed Organization Dallas TX

For Informational Purposes Only

10/4/62

PLAIN TEXT

AIR-TEL AIR MAIL - REGISTERED

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTENTION: CRYPTANALYSIS SECTION
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (105-New)

SUBJECT: UNNAMED ORGANIZATION OF DALLAS, TEXAS PATRIOTS
IS - X

2/26/98 5668-360/mlc (JFK)

Re Dallas teletypes to Bureau 9/29, 9/30, 10/1, 10/2, and 10/3/62, captioned "INTEGRATION OF UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI, RACIAL MATTERS."

Dallas letter to the Bureau 9/6/62, captioned "MINUTEMEN, INFORMATION CONCERNING (INTERNAL SECURITY)."

Enclosed to the Bureau are seven copies of a letterhead memorandum and thirty-six Autostats of records. One copy of letterhead memorandum being furnished to Memphis and New Orleans, who are being furnished copies because of their interest in the integration of the University of Mississippi matters and former GENERAL EDWIN A. WALKER.

[redacted] in the enclosed letterhead memorandum is former [redacted] who furnished information orally to SAs [redacted], and [redacted] A separate communication will be directed to the Bureau concerning this former informant in his informant file. It should be further noted that ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL is presently in federal custody, the subject of a switchblade knife act violation. During interrogation of BURCHWELL by SAs [redacted], and [redacted] prior to his obtaining an attorney, BURCHWELL admitted having served under former GENERAL EDWIN A. WALKER in his Psychological Warfare Section in Germany and also serving as a civilian employee of WALKER in Dallas.

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4 - Bureau (Encl.7)(AM-RM) 676036
1 - Memphis (Encl.1)(AM-RM)(Info.) 5676037
1 - New Orleans (Encl.1)(AM-RM)(Info.) 676035
2 - Dallas (105-New)
JPH:HM

Open new 105-

10-5-62

[redacted]

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ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SENT TO NATIONAL ARCHIVES (AFKARCA) DATE 4-16-98 FBI 34 JFK/DTP

Unnamed organization of Dallas TX

Serialized
Index
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DL 105-New

BURCHWELL has stated that he and another friend were definitely going to Mississippi to join GENERAL WALKER on 9/30/62, [redacted] The enclosed Autostats are copies made of the records seized from BURCHWELL, presently in Dallas PD custody, one copy each for the Bureau was made of every record which had any writing. It should be noted that the back of the membership cards are self-explanatory, check marks being for the equipment that the individuals apparently had in their possession. The lower three quarters of the front side is believed to be self-explanatory, showing initiation fees, dues, etc. The upper left hand corner of each membership card shows a common pattern of two letters - three numbers - 1 number 2 letters - 1 number. It should be noted in each instance the letters are the telephone call letters of Dallas telephone exchanges, such as EX for EXpress, FL for Fleetwood. There appears to be a common pattern in most of these membership cards, either ending up with EX 1 or EL 1. It should be noted that the telephone number of [redacted] It should further be noted that BURCHWELL at the time of his arrest had an address book in his pocket bearing the following names:

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AMERICAN BOOK STORE, EM 3-5497

[redacted]

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[redacted] PRINTING CO., TA 3-6101

[redacted]

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Radio Station KPOM, EM 3-3173 and AKdrews 4-2250

LA CABANIA CLUB, LA 6-7464

[redacted]

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RAY'S HARDWARE, RI 7-7916

[redacted]

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DL 105-New

[redacted]

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DALLAS THEATER CENTER, LA 6-0107, Ticket Office LA 6-8857
BLANCH ELS, FE 7-0002
JOE DEVALL, GR 5-3555
DELBERT RAY, ME 1-0500
CORRY MORRIS, FR 4-7672 & RI 8-9711, Ext. 233
No name - TA 4-0216 AT [illegible]
DAVID JACKSON, TA 4-0216
PATTY, FL 1-5396 & TA 7-8130 [illegible]
MR. RUSSELL, EM 3-3329

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To further assist the Bureau it should be noted the membership cards show [redacted]

The following information is known about the above individuals:

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The AMERICAN BOOK STORE is a known distributor of right wing literature in the Dallas area.

[redacted]

Radio Station KPCN is noted for its extreme right wing editorial philosophy.

RAY'S HARDWARE is where BURCHNELL purchased much of his ammunition and several of his pistols.

[redacted]

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DL 105-New b7C

An individual, first name [redacted] was reportedly at the meeting on 9/30/62. This could be identical with [redacted]

An individual named [redacted] was also reported to have attended this meeting. This may have been [redacted] who was reported from another source to have been at the meeting, or it could conceivably be [redacted]

BUREAU is requested through the CRYPTANALYSIS SECTION to attempt to identify as many members as possible with the data furnished by the Dallas Office.

DALLAS will attempt through available sources to identify as many members as possible. The individuals listed above will not be interviewed by the Dallas Office at this time until more information on this organization is known, as it appears this may be a group of fanatics.

[redacted] b6

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

File & Serial Number	JFK Subject Identifier (for NARA purposes) Additional Request # 71
DU 115 1475-[illegible]	[illegible] Organization [illegible]

For Informational Purposes Only

10/12/62

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC, MEMPHIS

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (157-203)(P)

DESEGREGATION OF UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI, RM. RE DALLAS TEL TODAY AND DALLAS AIRTEL TO BUREAU, OCTOBER FOUR, LAST, CAPTIONED "UNNAMED ORGANIZATION OF DALLAS, TEXAS PATRIOTS, IS - X".

RE AIRTEL SUBMITTED ENCLOSURES TO BUREAU FOR CRYPTANALYSIS EXAMINATION OF MEMBERSHIP CARDS FOUND IN THE POSSESSION OF ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL, AT TIME OF ARREST BY DALLAS PD, SEPTEMBER THIRTY, LAST.

USA BAREFOOT SANDERS CONTACTED DALLAS OFFICE ONE FORTY P.M. THIS DATE FROM ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE INQUIRING AS TO CONTENTS OF MEMBERSHIP CARDS. STATED ATTORNEY GENERAL REQUESTED INFORMATION AS LOCAL WASHINGTON PAPERS REPORTEDLY CARRYING STORY THAT CARDS CONTAINED NAMES OF PROMINENT GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS, DALLAS AND WASHINGTON, D.C. USA WAS ADVISED CARDS OBTAINED, CONTAINED NO NAMES ONLY NUMERICAL CODE DESIGNATION IN PLACE LISTED FOR NAMES. USA QUESTIONED LOCATION OF CARDS AND WAS ADVISED THEY HAD BEEN FORWARDED TO BUREAU FOR CRYPTANALYSIS EXAMINATION. HE ADVISED ATTORNEY GENERAL WOULD CONTACT BUREAU REGARDING INSTANT CARDS.

1-Dallas (157-203)
1-Dallas (105-1475)

2/26/98 5668 DOJ/mde
JFK

Serialize KGC:ns (2)

Index

File

Search

4-16-98 FBI 34
JFK/DGP unnamed organization of Dallas TX

105-1475-3

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

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File & Serial Number	JFK Subject Identifier (for NARA purposes) Additional Request # 34
20) 105-1475-3	[illegible]

For Informational Purposes Only

FD-350 (4-3-62)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Card File Of Walker Aide Eyed

Government investigators in Washington worked Friday to break what appeared to be a code on stacks of cards confiscated in the arrest in Dallas of an associate of former Maj. Gen. Edwin A. Walker.

A Justice Department official, acknowledging that the cards were seized from Ashland F. Burchwell, denied a published report that the coded material was a list of members belonging to a right-wing extremist group, the Associated Press reported.

Burchwell, 22, was a worker in Walker's unsuccessful gubernatorial primary campaign in Texas. The former general, arrested on seditious conspiracy and insurrection charges Oct. 1 after racial riots at the University of Mississippi, is awaiting a court-ordered psychiatric examination. He is free on $50,000 bond.

The Justice Department said Burchwell was arrested Sept. 10 by police in Dallas on a traffic charge.

A cardboard box with 200 to 300 cards and a switchblade knife were found after the arrest, a department official said.

A federal charge of transporting the knife interstate was filed against Burchwell and he was released on $500 bond after an arraignment before a U.S. Commissioner.

The cards were described as about the size of index filing cards and were said to bear on one side information and a list of items one might need for a camping trip or extended outdoor activity—camping equipment, snake bite remedies and similar items.

The other side of the card bore "what appeared to be a numbered code," the department said.

A Justice official said the Federal Bureau of Investigation was examining the cards but their meaning had not yet been determined.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

"The Dallas Morning News"
Dallas, Texas

Date
Edition:
Author:
Editor Jack B. Krueger
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: Dallas

2/26/98 5068-SLD/mck (JFK)

105-1475-4

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
OCT 15 1962
FBI — DALLAS

DATE 4-16-98 FBI 34
JFK/DPD Unnamed Organization of Dallas TX

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

File & Serial Number	JFK Subject Identifier (for NARA purposes) Additional Request # 31
(DL) 105-1475-4	Unnamed Organization Dallas IX

For Informational Purposes Only

7-1b

REPORT
of the
FBI LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas

Date: October 16, 1962

FBI File No.

Re: UNNAMED ORGANIZATION OF DALLAS, TEXAS PATRIOTS IS - X

Lab. No. CR-12148 1C

Specimens received 10/8/62

2/26/98 5668-SLD/mdc (JFK)

Qc1 Auto-Stat copy of a typed form for equipment with certain items of equipment checked off, containing the notation #30.6-M.1" after "Rifle."

Qc2 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc1 with no readable writing thereon.

Qc3 Auto-Stat copy of a form containing check off boxes for the 12 months for 62 through 70, and the notation "FL 722-3-EX 1."

Qc4 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc1 with notation "FL-722-3-EX 1."

Qc5 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc1 with notation "A 3006 [illegible] 22."

Qc6 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc3 with notation "FE 722-2-EX-1."

Qc7 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc1 with no writing.

Qc8 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc1 with no writing.

Qc9 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc3 with notation "FR."

Qc10 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc1 with no writing.

Qc11 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc3 with notation "FR."

Qc12 Auto-Stat copy of a sheet of paper with notations beginning "BL-111-BL-1."

Qc13 Auto-Stat copy of sheet of paper with notations beginning "TE- -1-BL-1."

LC5-1475-5

FBI -- DALLAS

b6

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ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SENT TO [illegible] (ARCA) 4-16-98 JFK/CGP 7B234

unnamed organization of Dallas TX

(Continued next page)

Qc14 Auto-Stat copy of sheet of paper with notations beginning "FL-722-2-EX-1."

Qc15 Auto-Stat copy of a sheet of paper with notations beginning "FL-722-1-EX-1."

Qc16 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc3 with notation "TA ----."

Qc17 Auto-Stat copy of a sheet of paper with notations beginning "FL-722-3 EX 1."

Qc18 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc1 with notation ".357.22" after "Pistols."

Qc19 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc3 with notation "WH-742-4-EX-1."

Qc20 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc3 with no writing.

Qc21 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc3 with notation "LA- -EX-1."

Qc22 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc1 with notation after "Rifle": "306,303."

Qc23 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc3 with notation "BU-832-1-BL-1."

Qc24 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc1 with notation after "Rifle": "22, 30.6, 30 x 30, 22."

Qc25 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc3 with notation "BL-111-B1-1."

Qc26 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc3 with notation "FE-722-1-EX-1."

Qc27 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc1 with no writing.

Qc28 Auto-Stat copy of sheet of paper with notations beginning "BL-742-10-BL-1."

Qc29 Auto-Stat copy of sheet of paper with notations beginning "WH-742-4-EX-1."

Qc30 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc3 with notation "TA-622-16-BL1."

Qc31 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc1 with notation after "Rifle": "303."

Qc32 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc3 with no writing.

(Continued next page)

Qc33 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc1 with no writing.

Qc34 Auto-Stat copy of a sheet of paper with notations beginning "[illegible] 832."

Qc35 Auto-Stat copy similar to Qc1 with no writing.

Qc36 Auto-Stat copy of a sheet of paper with indistinguishable writing.

b6

Result of examination:

b7C

General Observations. The combinations of letters and digits on several of the specimens, referred to herein as coded units, are apparently means of identity of individuals. On the basis of Qc14 and Qc15, the first two letters appear to be the telephone exchange of the individuals involved. Qc14 is signed by [redacted] Dallas, has a prefix "FE" and telephone number [redacted] Qc15 is signed by [redacted] has a prefix "FE" and has telephone number [redacted] There is no further apparent connection between FE-722-2-EX-1 or FE-722-1-EX-1 and the persons' names, their addresses or telephone numbers. The three digits following (722) in both cases above may refer to rank, position, or chain of command, with the number following being serialization within a group. In the other cases it is noted the first digit is in one case a "1," otherwise a 6, 7 or 8. As the group containing the "1" as the first digit, BL-111-BL-1, has no serialization digit, it may represent a group leader. The cards are broken into two groups by the suffixes "EX-1" or "BL-1" tending to verify that BL-111-BL-1 is possibly a group leader. It is noted the second digit is always between 1 and 4 and the last is a 2 in all but one case further indicating this number may represent rank. There is no EX prefix on a card, so that there is apparently no card for the EX-1 leader.

The three digit unit could constitute a composite of three different items which in addition to indicating rank, might represent geographic location, physical condition or description as well. It is noted the telephone exchanges involved in the coded units with suffix EX-1 are generally grouped in west central Dallas, while those under BL-1 are scattered in Dallas, Irving and Grapevine, Texas.

Qc1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 18, 22, 24, 27, 31, 33 and 35 obviously are records of equipment held by individuals and contain no identifying data.

(Continued next page)

Qc3, 6, 9, 11, 19, 20, 21, 23, 25, 26, 30 and 32 are forms with spaces for varying bits of data. The line of Roman numerals which are in part checked off could represent identifying data, location, rank, equipment, or similar information. The next line with letters and numbers could well represent rank or position in a sub group. The indication as to male or female is also included.

Qc3, 4 and 17 all have the coded unit [redacted]. Qc17, which indicates the individual has a .22 rifle, ammunition and underwear, and is shown as having been paid #32.00, has the initials KH. Qc3 is noted as a female. The current Dallas telephone directory lists the following apparent females with FL exchange numbers:

b6
b7C

[redacted]

b6
b7C

b6
b7C

It is noted that the telephone number involved is quite possibly listed under a husband's name, and is not noted above. It is also noted that in the notebook Burchwell had, was the name [redacted] There is no [redacted] listed in the current telephone directory with this number. Cole's 1961 directory listing telephone numbers in numerical order contains no subscriber for [redacted] There is also no [redacted] or [redacted] in the city directory for Dallas whose wife's name is listed as beginning with a K.

Qc5 has the notation A 3006 B 22 which apparently indicates the holding of 30.06 and .22 caliber rifles.

Qc6 and Qc14 refer to [redacted] mentioned above. Qc14 apparently refers to money paid to [redacted] for various equipment purchases.

b6
b7C

Qc9, 11, 13, 16, 21, have only partially completed coded units, indicating that possibly they have not as yet been completely classified as to group, etc.

(Continued next page)

Qc12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 28, 29 and 34 appear to be receipts for equipment payments. Qc12 and 25, as noted above, contain no serialization digit after the first three digits as the others do, BL-111-BL-1.

Qc13 contains the coded unit TB- -1-BL-1. There is no TB prefix in Dallas. This should, perhaps, be TA.

It is noted that the serialization digit in Qc30 is 16. This is considerably higher than those in other coding units. The reason for this is not immediately apparent although it is possible he belonged to another larger group previously and retained this number.

Qc 36 is unreadable for the most part.

The nature of the coding procedure used in these specimens is of such an arbitrary and abbreviated form that, with the amount of material and potentially corroborative information presently available, uniquely valid interpretations are precluded.

For Informational Purposes Only

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

The originals removed from this file and replaced with duplicate copies of the original were accessioned to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) pursuant to the JFK Records Collection Act of 1992. Provision of the JFK Act allowed for certain information to be postponed from public release until the year 2017; therefore, the pages have **NOT** necessarily been released for public review in their entirety.

Under the JFK Act, originals to all material deemed assassination records must be accesssioned to NARA regardless of whether the material is open in full or released with information postponed. Therefore, any documents or pages from FBI files accessioned to NARA pursuant to the JFK Act are no longer considered the possession of the FBI. The duplicate pages have been inserted strictly for research purposes.

The copies contained herein **do not** necessarily show the most up-to-date classification.

To attain a copy of the publicly released version of any materials maintained in the JFK Collection at the NARA facility in College Park, MD, you may contact the JFK Access Staff, at 301/713-6620.

The following materials were removed from this file and are maintained in the JFK Collection at NARA:

File & Serial Number	JFK Subject Identifier (for NARA purposes) Additional Request # 511
(DL) 105-1975-5	Unnamed Organizations (?) Dallas TX

For Informational Purposes Only

Laboratory Transmittal Form
7-72

FBI LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas

Date: October 16, 1962

Re: UNNAMED ORGANIZATION OF
DALLAS, TEXAS PATRIOTS
IS - X

J. Edgar Hoover
John Edgar Hoover, Director

FBI File No.
Lab. No. CR-12148 IC

Examination requested by: FBI, Dallas

Reference: Airtel 10/4/62

Examination requested: Cryptanalysis

Remarks:

Specimens retained in Bureau files.

2/26/98 5668 SLD/mde (JFK)

Enclosures (2) (2 Laboratory reports)
1 - Memphis - Enclosure (Laboratory report)
1 - New Orleans - Enclosure (Laboratory report)

b6
b7C

105 - 1475 - 6

[illegible] SENT TO
[illegible] (KARCA)
DATE 4-16-98 FBI 34
JFK/DJD unnamed organization of Dallas TX

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

For Informational Purposes Only

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The copies contained herein **do not** necessarily show the most up-to-date classification.

To attain a copy of the publicly released version of any materials maintained in the JFK Collection at the NARA facility in College Park, MD, you may contact the JFK Access Staff, at 301/713-6620.

The following materials were removed from this file and are maintained in the JFK Collection at NARA:

File & Serial Number	JFK Subject Identifier (for NARA purposes) Additional Request # 4
[illegible]	[illegible]

For Informational Purposes Only

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, Dallas DATE: 10/23/62

FROM : Director, FBI

SUBJECT: UNNAMED ORGANIZATION OF DALLAS, TEXAS, PATRIOTS
IS - X

Reurairtel 10/4/62.

It would appear that there is some organization active within your territory from the cards appearing in the possession of Ashland F. Burchwell. At the present time a determination cannot be made as to the aims and purposes of this organization. Due to the proposed plans of Burchwell to go to Oxford, Mississippi, to the assistance of former General Edwin Walker, it appears that the group could be racial in nature and might qualify for investigation under Section 122 of the Manual of Instructions. At the same time the organization may well be one whose aims and purposes are to overthrow the present form of government in this country, due to the activities of Walker at the University of Mississippi, where he was instrumental in inciting disobedience to Federal law. In this latter case the organization may well be the subject of an internal security investigation under Section 87 of the Manual of Instructions.

You should conduct sufficient inquiries concerning the organization indicated by the cards found in the possession of Burchwell to establish its aims and purposes and thereafter make your recommendations to the Bureau as to what additional investigation, if any, is needed.

2/26/98 5668-SH/ude (JFK)

105-1475-7

ORIGINAL FORM ... SENT TO NATIONAL ... (NARCA) DATE 4-16-98 FBI 34 JFK/DTP unnamed organization of Dallas TX

... INDEXED ... FILED OCT 24 1962

b6
b7C

For Informational Purposes Only

The originals removed from this file and replaced with duplicate copies of the original were accessioned to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) pursuant to the JFK Records Collection Act of 1992. Provision of the JFK Act allowed for certain information to be postponed from public release until the year 2017; therefore, the pages have **NOT** necessarily been released for public review in their entirety.

Under the JFK Act, originals to all material deemed assassination records must be accesssioned to NARA regardless of whether the material is open in full or released with information postponed. Therefore, any documents or pages from FBI files accessioned to NARA pursuant to the JFK Act are no longer considered the possession of the FBI. The duplicate pages have been inserted strictly for research purposes.

The copies contained herein **do not** necessarily show the most up-to-date classification.

To attain a copy of the publicly released version of any materials maintained in the JFK Collection at the NARA facility in College Park, MD, you may contact the JFK Access Staff, at 301/713-6620.

The following materials were removed from this file and are maintained in the JFK Collection at NARA:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

File & Serial Number	JFK Subject Identifier (for NARA purposes) Additional Request # 31
(DO) 105-1475-7	Unnamed Organization Dallas TX

For Informational Purposes Only

11/23/62

PLAIN TEXT

AIR-TEL AIR MAIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (105-1475) (P)

SUBJECT: UNNAMED ORGANIZATION OF DALLAS, TEXAS, PATRIOTS
IS - X

Re Bulets 10/23/62 and 10/16/62.

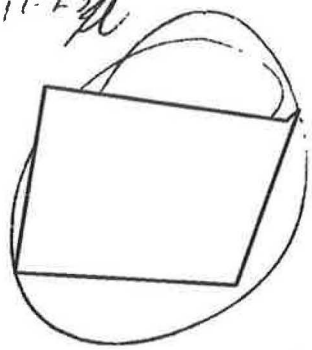
No additional information has been developed on captioned organization other than what has been reported to the Bureau. b2 b7D

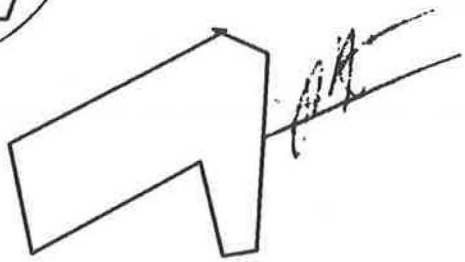
Former [redacted] is to be interviewed in the very near future regarding case captioned "DESEGREGATION OF UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI - EDWIN A. WALKER." During this interview, inquiry will be made concerning captioned organization, at which time recommendations will be made as to further investigation in this matter.

[redacted]

3 - Bureau (RM) 176 372 11-23-62
2 - Dallas (105-1475)
JPH:BM
(5)

b6
b7C





Serialize
Index
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105-1475-8

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104-01

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, DALLAS DATE: 9-28-62

FROM : SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (62-0)

SUBJECT: AMERICAN EAGLE PUBLISHING COMPANY
P.O. BOX 750
DALLAS, TEXAS
INFORMATION CONCERNING

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

[redacted] University of Minnesota, Public Relations Department, Minneapolis, Minnesota, on September 25, 1962, furnished SA [redacted] with a copy of a publication entitled "The Victory Purge" (A complete inter-related picture of the State Department Document No. 7277), with analysis by EDWIN A. WALKER, published by the American Eagle Publishing Company, P.O. Box 750, Dallas 21, Texas. b6 b7C

[redacted] said it is significant to know that this pamphlet was directed to him under the address of [redacted] b6 b7C

[redacted] was quite upset regarding information in this publication, in that he feels the information contained therein is completely untrue, biased, and defamatory to the United States Government and stated he desired this brought to the attention of the FBI.

The above pamphlet and envelope in which it was transmitted is being forwarded to the Dallas Office for information purposes and for whatever action is necessary by the Dallas Office.

2 - Dallas (Encs. 2)
1 - Minneapolis

DPB/mt
(3)

Send Encl

SEP 1962

[redacted] b6 b7C

105-1475-9

SAC, DALLAS (100-) 10/23/62

SAC, HONOLULU (100-0-14792)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

THE VICTORY PURGE
INFORMATION CONCERNING

By letter dated 10/11/62 [redacted] Headquarters, 401st Intelligence Corps Detachment, United States Army, Army, made available the enclosed leaflet entitled "The Victory Purge" which had been turned over to him by [redacted] This leaflet had been mailed to [redacted] Also enclosed for the Dallas Office is the envelope in which this was forwarded to [redacted]

b6
b7C
b6
b7C

The leaflet notes that it is printed by the American Eagle Publishing Company, Post Office Box 750, Dallas, Texas.

The analysis for the leaflet was prepared by former Major General EDWIN A. WALKER.

No further action is being taken in this matter by the Honolulu Division.

2-Dallas (Encls. 2)(RAM)
1-Honolulu

RCC:mbd
(3)

105-1475-10
~~62-0-41071-B~~
NB

- DALLAS

12/5/62

PLAIN TEXT

AIRTEL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (105-1475)(P)

RE : UNNAMED ORGANIZATION OF
DALLAS, TEXAS, PATRIOTS
IS - X
OO - Dallas

Re Dallas airtel to Bureau, 11/23/62 and Dallas teletype to Bureau, 12/5/62, captioned "EDWIN A. WALKER, DESEGREGATION OF UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI, RM, OOJ, AFO, CONSPIRACY."

As pointed out in referenced Dallas teletype, Departmental Attorney ANDREW PHALEN and USA BAREFOOT SANDERS, NDT, Dallas, Texas, contemplate contacting [redacted] attorney for ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL, member of captioned organization and subject of a Switchblade Knife Act violation, and offer to dismiss process and possibly offer immunity if BURCHWELL will furnish information regarding captioned organization and/or his activities concerning EDWIN A. WALKER. b6 b7C

Former [redacted] was reinterviewed on 11/26/62 in connection with the investigation of EDWIN A. WALKER. At this time he stated the members of captioned group are convinced the U. S. State Department is infiltrated by communists and are prepared to surrender the United States to international communism, possibly through the United Nations. They apparently based this feeling on the pamphlet entitled "The Victory Purge," which is described on its cover as "a complete interrelated picture of State Department Document No. 7277, with an analysis by EDWIN A. WALKER." b2 b7D

Former [redacted] states the individuals identified with the captioned group with respect to their alleged activities in the gathering of firearms, are preparing to defend themselves against the above-mentioned "communist take-over" which they feel is imminent. He said they have no interest in any other activities and apparently no intentions along aggressive lines. b2 b7D

Serialize
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2 - Bureau (encl-1)(RM) 676452
2 - Dallas (1 - 152-2)
RM:jeg
(5)

2-6-62

105-1475-11

It is felt the only practical way in which detailed information concerning captioned group can be otained will be through interview of those identified with it. As pointed out above, an attempt to interview ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL is contemplated and in connection with this every effort will be made to obtain additional information from him concerning captioned group.

Following the interview with BURCHWELL, further recommendations concerning interview of individuals identified with captioned group, will be made by the Dallas Field Division.

In the meantime the Bureau is requested to furnish any information available on "State Department Bulletin 7277" to the Dallas Office for possible use in connection with the interview of individuals mentioned above, in the event these interviews are eventually consummated.

Enclosed for the Bureau is a copy of the pamphlet captioned "The Victory Purge."

b6

b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

URGENT 12-6-62 11-36 AM CST EEA

TO DIRECTOR, FBI /157-401/ AND SAC, MEMPHIS /157-147/

FROM SAC, DALLAS /157-203/ 1-P

EDWIN A. WALKER - DESEGREGATION OF UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI, RM, OOJ, AFO, CONSPIRACY.

RE DALLAS TEL DEC. FIVE LAST.

DEPARTMENTAL ATTORNEY ANDREW PHELAN DEPARTED DALLAS AT FIVE PM, DEC. FIVE LAST.

[redacted], ATTORNEY FOR ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL AT REQUEST OF PHELAN, MADE BURCHWELL AVAILABLE FOR INTERVIEW BY HIMSELF AND BUREAU AGENTS ON DEC. FIVE LAST. BURCHWELL REFUSED TO GIVE NAMES OF MEMBERS OF UNNAMED ORGANIZATION OF DALLAS, TEXAS, PATRIOTS. HOWEVER, HE FURNISHED THE INFO CONCERNING THE ALLEGED PURPOSES OF THIS ORGANIZATION AS BEING SIMLIAR TO THOSE PREVIOUSLY FURNISHED BY FORMER [redacted] [redacted].

b6
b7C
b2
b7D

ATTORNEY [redacted] ADVISED BURCHWELL TO CONSULT WITH OTHER MEMBERS OF THIS ORGANIZATION AND TO SUBMIT TO REINTERVIEW WITH FBI IN THE NEAR FUTURE REGARDING THIS MATTER.

b6
b7C

DEPARTMENTAL ATTORNEY AND USA MADE NO COMMENTS AT THIS TIME TO DISMISS SWITCHBLADE KNIFE ACT CASE OR OFFER IMMUNITY.

BURCHWELL DENIED HE WAS GOING TO MISSISSIPPI TO ASSIST WALKER, HOWEVER, ADMITTED MEETING HELD EARLY MORNING SEPT. THIRTY, LAST, WAS TO DISCUSS WHETHER GROUP SHOULD GO TO MISSISSIPPI. BURCHWELL ADMITTED PLEDGING HIS SUPPORT TO WALKER ON SEPT. TWENTY EIGHT, LAST.

REPORT FOLLOWS. Original 157-203
1-CC in 152-2

END ACK IN ORD

WA 12-42 PM OK FBI WA GLB

B ME 11-1

Serialize
Index
File
Search

105-147.5-12

Fiorty

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

URGENT 12-5-62 9-49 AM CST EEA

TO DIRECTOR, FBI /157-401/ AND SAC, MEMPHIS /157-147/

FROM SAC, DALLAS /157-203/ 1-P

EDWIN A. WALKER, DESEGREGATION OF UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI, RACIAL MATTERS, OOJ, AFO, CONSPIRACY.

RE BURADIOGRAM NOV. TWENTYNINE LAST.

DEPARTMENTAL ATTORNEY BRANDON ALVEY, INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION, ARRIVED DALLAS NOON DEC. THREE LAST AND INTERVIEWED [redacted] [redacted] AND [redacted] FORMER [redacted] ADAMANTLY REFUSED ON DEC. THREE AND DEC. FOUR LAST TO BE IDENTIFIED TO OR INTERVIEWED BY ALVEY. ALVEY APPARENTLY SATISFIED WITH FORMER [redacted] [redacted] REFUSAL. ALVEY INDICATED AS A RESULT OF HIS INTERVIEWS HE WOULD RECOMMEND AGAINST PROSECUTION OF EDWIN A. WALKER UNDER STATUTES HANDLED BY INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION. ALVEY DEPARTED DALLAS THREE PM, DEC. FOUR LAST.

b2
b6
b7C
b7D

DEPARTMENTAL ATTORNEY ANDREW PHALEN, CRIMINAL SECTION, ARRIVED DALLAS NOON, DEC. FOUR LAST, AND AFTER CONSULTATION WITH USA BAREFOOT SANDERS, NDT, DALLAS, TEXAS, IT WAS DECIDED THAT AN OFFER WOULD BE MADE TO ATTORNEY FOR ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL, FORMER AIDE TO WALKER NOW SUBJECT OF SWITCHBLADE KNIFE ACT VIOLATION, THAT ALL CHARGES WOULD BE DROPPED AND POSSIBLE IMMUNITY OFFERED TO BURCHWELL IF HE WILL FURNISH ALL INFO AVAILABLE ON WALKER AND ON UNNAMED ORGANIZATION OF DALLAS, TEXAS PATRIOTS.

BUREAU WILL BE KEPT ADVISED.

END ACK IN ORD Original in 157-203
ICC in 152-2

105-1475

WA

M 10-54 AM OK FBI WA JHM

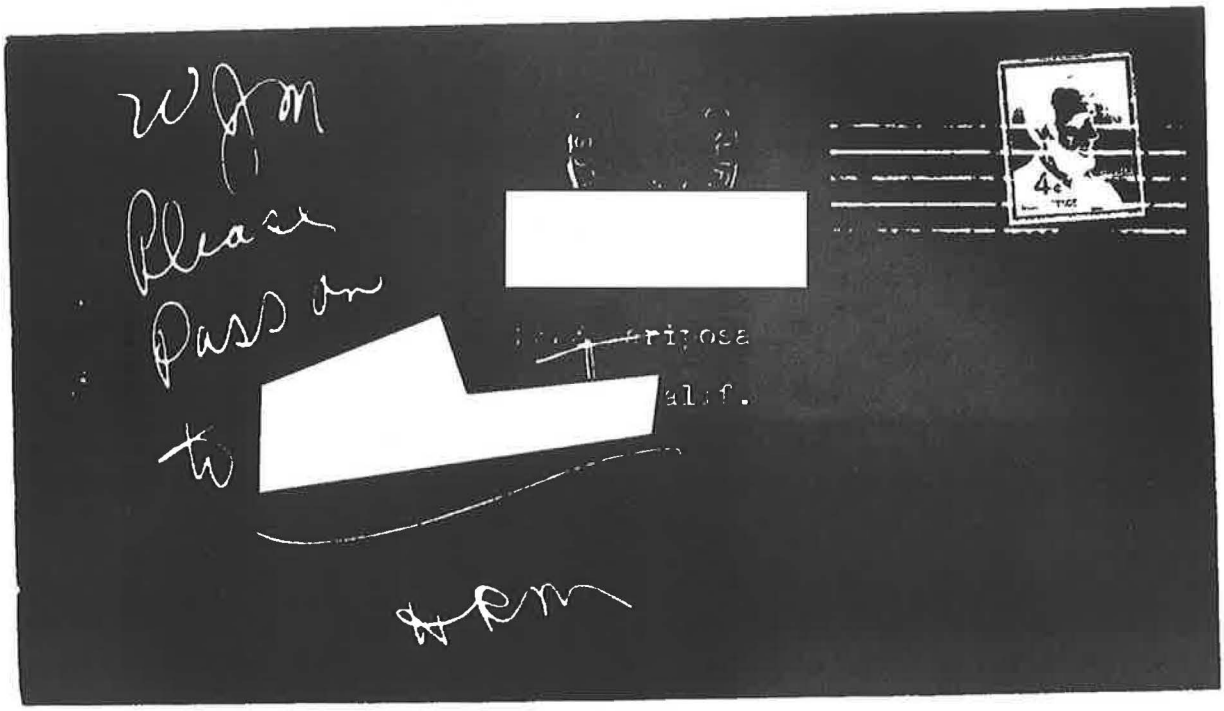
ME 9-54 AM OK FBI ME CLK

TU CLEAR

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

b6

b7C



b6
b7C

Dear Sir;

Information has been received through Eighth Army Headquarters, Austin, Texas, April 1962, that instructions have been issued by the Defense Department to the Military Forces, that all Army Reserve Units in every State will receive 'counter-insurgency training.'

Terms of the directive were (and I quote): "an action including all military, political, economic, psychological, and sociological directed toward preventing and suppressing resistance groups whose actions range in degrees of violence and scope from subversive political activity to violent actions by large guerilla elements to overthrow duly established governments."

Many will immediately believe 'counter-insurgency' is intended to put down Communism. But do not forget that the Kennedy Administration repeatedly declared that Communism is NOT an internal threat. Surely, therefore, 'counter-insurgency' is intended for something else.

'Counter-insurgency training' in our Military seems to be the principal result of the decision by the authors of the Fullbright Memorandum that something must be done to avert or meet the potential danger they see in the attitude of the American people, especially if the Military and the people are allowed to get together in natural friendliness. Therefore, train the Military for cracking down on the people, and the people to be suspicious and hostile toward the Military!

The directive's use of the term 'resistance groups' is a clue to the real intent. Resistance groups are always native to a country trying to preserve its independence. In our country it means native Americans opposed to Communism. Training to put down resistance groups means crack down on anti-communists in the United States, just as U.N. forces have been cracking down on Anti-communists in Katanga.

Thus, the Administration's intent is to prepare troops in every State to put down any opposition to Administration policies in any area - social, political or economic. This is the pattern employed as a necessity in the development of a police state. Partial implementation of the U.N. program 7277, Freedom from War, State Dept. publication, Sept. 1961, presented to the U.N. Conference at Geneva by Ambassador Arthur H. Dean, April 1962.

The destruction of our national sovereignty - which continues by United Nation's design, with Washington support - must be accomplished from within the United States, by our own tax-supported Military forces turned upon us.

Constitutional Government security is very near total eclipse, unless such as the above is blocked by opposing authority. You are part of that authority.

b6
b7C

For amplification of the above information, write to The American Eagle Publishing Co., P.O. Box 750, Dallas 21, Texas.

Respectfully,

No response wanted.

OPTIONAL FORM NO 10
5010-104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, DALLAS DATE: 12/12/62

FROM : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-0)

SUBJECT: AMERICAN EAGLE PUBLISHING COMPANY
PO Box 750
Dallas, Texas
INFORMATION CONCERNING

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

On 12/3/62, [redacted] b6 b7C
Fresno Police Department, Fresno, California, furnished SA [redacted] a mimeographed letter dated 11/26, year not given, which was sent to him by [redacted] on or about 11/28/62. A photostatic copy of this letter is being enclosed for the information of the Dallas Office. The letter notes information has been received through 8th Army Headquarters, Austin, Texas, 4/6/62, that instructions were issued by the Defense Department to the Military Forces that all Army Reserve Units in every state would receive counter-insurgency training. The writer expressed fear that the Military Forces of the United States would be turned against the public and warned that constitutional Government security is near a total eclipse unless the Defense Department directives are blocked by "opposing authority" and the letter then noted that [redacted] b6 [redacted] was an "opposing authority." The b7C letter in closing noted that for amplification of the contents of the MAAS letter, the reader should write to the American Eagle Publishing Company, P.O. Box 750, Dallas, Texas.

The foregoing is being furnished to the Dallas Division for your information and completion of your files.

The indices of the Los Angeles Division contain no record of [redacted] b6 b7C

2 - Dallas (RM)
1 - Los Angeles

JST:GAP
(3)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 1 2 1962
FBI — DALLAS

[redacted] b6 b7C

Report Form
FD-263 (5-12-55)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office	Office of Origin	Date	Investigative Period
DALLAS	MEMPHIS	12/12/62	12/5-12/62

TITLE OF CASE
DESEGREGATION OF UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI - EDWIN A. WALKER

Report made by [redacted]

Typed By tjh

CHARACTER OF CASE
b6
b7C
RM; OOJ; AFO; CONSPIRACY

REFERENCE: Report of SA [redacted], Dallas, 11/28/62.

- P -

LEADS:

DALLAS

[redacted]

AT DALLAS, TEX.

Will reinterview ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL for additional background information and his connections with EDWIN A. WALKER.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

On 12/4/62, Dept. Atty. ANDREW PHALEN, in consultation with USA BAREFOOT SANDERS, NDT, Dallas, Texas, decided an offer would be made to [redacted] Attorney for ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL, former aide to EDWIN A. WALKER, now subject of a Switchblade Knife Act violation, that all charges would be dropped and possibly immunity offered to BURCHWELL if he would furnish all information available on WALKER and on the Unnamed Organization of Dallas, Texas Patriots. b6 b7C

Approved Special Agent In Charge

Do not write in spaces below

105-1475-17

Copies made:
5 - Bureau (157-401)
3 - Memphis (1-USA, Oxford)(157-147)
1 - G-2, 3rd Army Headquarters, Ft. McPherson, Ga.
1 - OSI, 9th District, Barksdale AFB, La.
1 - ONI, 6th Naval District, Charleston, S.C.
5 - Dallas (157-203) (105-1475) (1-152-2)

DL 157-203

On instructions from Dept. Atty. PHALEN and USA SANDERS, SA's [redacted] and [redacted] interviewed ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL in the presence of his attorney, [redacted] Atty. [redacted] has been cooperative with the Bureau in connection with investigation of the unnamed Organization of Dallas, Texas Patriots and has urged his client, ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL, to cooperate with the FBI in this investigation; however, BURCHWELL refused to name members of the organization. It should be pointed out to the Bureau that these individuals all appear to be fanatic right-wing extremists and as has been previously reported to the Bureau, all members of the organization are sworn to secrecy and there would be a death sentence to anyone in the organization who violated this oath. Because BURCHWELL was not completely cooperative with the Bureau, there are no plans to drop charges against him at this time. However, it was decided by Dept. Atty. PHALEN and BURCHWELL's attorney that efforts would be made to obtain further information from BURCHWELL and others, at which time a later determination would be made. Accordingly, [redacted] former employer of BURCHWELL, was interviewed, the results of which are set forth in this report. Efforts will be made to interview [redacted] who was also believed to be present at this meeting. This would indicate a total of three unidentified individuals at this meeting, since both BURCHWELL and former [redacted] have admitted there were 7 individuals present at the meeting. From interview of both BURCHWELL and former [redacted] it has been determined both furnished the same aims and purposes for this organization and both deny connection between this organization and EDWIN A. WALKER.

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It should be further noted that upon interview of [redacted] by SA [redacted], it was determined he is identical with an individual met at the office of the National Indignation Convention (see Bufile [redacted] Dallas airtel to Bureau, 10/30/61, captioned [redacted] At the time of the interview of [redacted] he stated he was a member of the staff of the National Indignation Convention, which has been identified as a front group of the John Birch Society. From indications of the Dept. Atty. while in Dallas, Texas, it appears the Department of Justice wants to determine the names of the individuals who attended this meeting with BURCHWELL on the night of 9/29-30/62, the place the meeting was held, and what connection, if any, there was between this group and EDWIN A. WALKER. Efforts are continuing to develop this information fully and results will be promptly furnished to the Bureau.

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The following investigation was conducted by SA [redacted]

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Information obtained from Southwestern Bell Telephone Co., Waxahachie, Texas, was made available on 11/30/62 to

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SA [redacted] by [redacted], who requested that his identity be kept confidential. b7C

b7D

Information obtained from Southwestern Bell Telephone Co., Cleburne, Texas, was made available on 11/14/62 by [redacted], who requested that his identity be kept confidential.

b6

Information obtained from Southwestern Bell Telephone Co., Corsicana, Texas, was made available on 11/7/62 to SA [redacted] b7C [redacted] by [redacted] who requested that his identity be kept confidential. b7D

When [redacted] was interviewed and asked if he was a member of a group gathering arms and ammunition to resist a communist takeover and whether he had been with ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL on the night of 9/29-30/62, [redacted] refused to answer; however, it was obvious from the expression on his face that he was present. b6 b7C

Officials of the Western Union Telegraph Co., Dallas, Texas, advised that in view of the widespread publicity in this case and the possible political implications, they would not make any records available to the FBI without the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum. It should be noted that numerous telegrams were sent by WALKER shortly prior to his departure for Oxford, Mississippi.

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1-OSI, 9th District, Barksdale AFB, La.
1-ONI, 6th Naval District, Charleston, S.C.
1-USA, Oxford, Miss.
1-G-2, 3rd Army Headquarters, Ft. McPherson, Ga.

Report of: [redacted] Office: DALLAS

Date: 12/12/62

Field Office File No.: 157-203 Bureau File No.: 157-401

Title: DESEGREGATION OF UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI - EDWIN A. WALKER

Character: RACIAL MATTER; OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE; ASSAULTING A FEDERAL OFFICER; CONSPIRACY

Synopsis: ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL interviewed concerning his connection with EDWIN A. WALKER. BURCHWELL denied he was taking arms and ammunition to assist WALKER at Oxford, Miss. and declined to name individuals who attended meeting with him on 9/29-30/62. Former [redacted] of BURCHWELL confirmed he [redacted]. Former [redacted] of BURCHWELL, prior to 9/30/62, advised he had never seen guns or ammunition in BURCHWELL's apartment during [redacted] however, BURCHWELL did keep one locked trunk which might have contained arms and ammunition. [redacted] former employer of BURCHWELL, refused to confirm or deny he was present at meeting with BURCHWELL on 9/29-30/62. [redacted] of BURCHWELL, stated BURCHWELL advised [redacted] that he had attended a meeting on the night of 9/29-30/62 and had decided against going to Mississippi, and that he was returning home at the time of arrest. Identities of individuals at Corsicana, Cleburne, Waxahachie and Maypearl, Texas receiving phone calls from WALKER set forth.

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DETAILS:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/7/62

ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL, 5309 Ellsworth Avenue, Dallas, Texas, advised that he enlisted in the Regular Army in February of 1959 and was sent to Germany. In October of 1960, while attending a Troop Information Conference at which former Major General EDWIN A. WALKER was speaking, he came to the attention of WALKER and was transferred to the Special Projects, later Special Warfare Section of the 24th Infantry Division which was commanded by EDWIN A. WALKER. His transfer was actually arranged by [redacted] of this section and the writing of the pre-Blue Program. About a month after WALKER's transfer from the 24th Division on June 14, 1961, this unit was dissolved and he (BURCHWELL) was assigned to the First Battle Group of the 19th Infantry, 24th Division, as an Infantryman. b6 b7C

BURCHWELL advised his enlistment expired in April of 1962 and upon the urging of [redacted] he decided to go to Dallas, Texas, to assist EDWIN A. WALKER who had at that time set up an office in Dallas, Texas. BURCHWELL stated he had corresponded on an irregular basis with WALKER following WALKER's transfer from the 24th Division. b6 b7C

BURCHWELL stated that when he first arrived in Dallas he worked as a warehouseman on a temporary basis and then on May 1, 1962, he went to work for WALKER on an expense account rather than a salary-type employment. BURCHWELL stated that he assisted WALKER in his work which BURCHWELL described as a public education-type work, handled through the American Eagle Publishing Company. BURCHWELL stated he left the employment in the middle of July, 1962, since he needed more money than he was able to obtain from WALKER.

BURCHWELL stated at this time that he never liked WALKER as a man and considered him egotistical, however, he liked what the man stood for and therefore had assisted him.

BURCHWELL stated he then went to work for [redacted] at the R. J. Brown Company in Irving, Texas. BURCHWELL described [redacted] as a supporter for WALKER. b6 b7C

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on 12/5/62 at Dallas, Texas File # 157-203 b6

by Special Agent [redacted] and /jog Date dictated 12/6/62 b7C

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

BURCHWELL admitted that he had been at the residence of EDWIN A. WALKER on September 27 or September 28, 1962. This was following WALKER's television appeal for followers to go to Mississippi to protest the illegal Federal encroachment upon the state rights of Mississippi. BURCHWELL stated he pledged WALKER support at this time and indicated that he would go to Mississippi if WALKER desired. BURCHWELL stated that on the evening of September 29, 1962, he was contacted by an individual whom he declined to name and was told that several individuals would get together to discuss what would be done about WALKER's request to go to Mississippi. BURCHWELL stated he had many friends, in what he described as conservative circles and they get together at an address, which he declined to name but which was not WALKER's residence, and had a discussion which lasted from six to eight hours, in which the individuals, whom BURCHWELL would not name but whom he said were seven in number, argued over what to do. It was finally decided that they would not go to Mississippi since they would leave themselves open to possible prosecution. BURCHWELL admitted that he was arrested by officers of the Dallas Police Department at approximately 6:30 on the morning of September 30, 1962, in the possession of an Enfield rifle, a Magnum pistol, and three .22 automatic pistols, as well as several thousand rounds of ammunition, together with a pack and clothing necessary for a camp-out. BURCHWELL also admitted he was arrested in the possession of a card file for which BURCHWELL described was an organization similar to the Minutemen, however, not affiliated with the Minutemen. BURCHWELL denied he was a member of this organization and declined to name its members or strength. BURCHWELL stated he was merely carrying these cards from one individual to another, both of whom he declined to name, and he also admitted that the arms and ammunition in his car had been there for at least two days. BURCHWELL stated that he was at this time in the process of moving from 1527 Annex, Apartment 204, to 5309 Ellsworth, and he was carrying his personal belongings in his car for this reason.

BURCHWELL stated he was not a member of the organization for which he had the membership cards but stated he was in sympathy with its aims and purpose and had been asked to join but stated he did not have the time for this group. He did admit, however, that he had attended meetings of this group. BURCHWELL described the group as being similar in aims and purposes to the Minutemen and stated that this group was organizing to resist a

communist takeover of the United States.

When asked if he thought this possible communist takeover would be to internal subversion or invasion from without, BURCHWELL pointed out that either was a possibility and that this group intended to resist the communists in any invasion or subversion of the United States. BURCHWELL stated this group was vehemently opposed to any Firearms Registration Act since this could fall into the hands of communists who would then be able to disarm the American public. BURCHWELL indicated that members of this group were also members of the National Rifle Association which was opposed to any firearms registration.

BURCHWELL admitted that he was living at WALKER's residence from the first of May until the middle of July at which time he was employed by WALKER and it was during this period that he purchased the Magnum pistol and he had this pistol and rifle at WALKER's residence during the period that he resided at WALKER's residence; however, BURCHWELL insisted that he remove these weapons when he left WALKER's residence. BURCHWELL stated the only weapon he knew EDWIN A. WALKER to possess was a Smith and Wesson .38 caliber pistol with a six-inch barrel.

BURCHWELL stated he sincerely believed that a communist takeover in the United States was possible, pointing out what happened in Czechoslovakia in 1948. He also reported that they had heard reports that Mongolian troops were massing in lower California in Mexico. When asked where he received such information, BURCHWELL stated he had heard it from a minister, name unrecalled, who claimed to have seen these Mongolian troups in Mexico. He also cited such sources as GERALD L. K. SMITH, of California, and the publication "Common Sense," which BURCHWELL described as an anti-semetic newspaper. BURCHWELL insisted that the real issue in Mississippi, according to what WALKER told him, was not racial , but the constitutional issue of whether the Federal Government could interfere with the states rights of Mississippi, and WALKER felt that by a show of popular opinion, that people coming from all sections of the country might prevent such Federal encroachment. BURCHWELL stated he did not believe that anyone would bring firearms to Mississippi or use force against Federal troups.

BURCHWELL stated he considers that EDWIN A. WALKER has a very fine and brilliant mind and that the reason that he pauses for long periods of time when asked a question, is that he is examining all aspects of the questioning in his mind before answering.

BURCHWELL stated that at the time of his arrest by the Dallas police officers he did not state he was going to Mississippi he just stated he was thinking about going to Mississippi.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/12/62

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[redacted] advised that ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL [redacted] had lived in Apt. 204 of the Annex Apartments from an undetermined date believed to be around May 1, 1962 until September 30, 1962. [redacted] had no forwarding address for ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL. [redacted] stated she recalled when BURCHWELL was arrested by the Dallas Police Department in possession of several firearms and several thousands of rounds of ammunition, and [redacted] had not seen BURCHWELL for several days before his arrest and was also greatly surprised. [redacted] stated [redacted] expressed the opinion [redacted] that BURCHWELL "just didn't realize what he was doing" and felt he must be doing it out of friendship for EDWIN A. WALKER.

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on 12/7/62 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 157-203

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by Special Agent [redacted]/tjh Date dictated 12/12/62

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/12/62

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[redacted] advised that he was [redacted] stated that he had not associated with BURCHWELL socially since they had different interests. [redacted] explained he was [redacted], whereas BURCHWELL was more concerned with what [redacted] described as political matters. [redacted] stated that the [redacted] claimed he had not seen BURCHWELL for four days prior to his arrest on September 30, 1962 and had assumed he had merely [redacted]

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[redacted] stated he had never seen any arms and ammunition [redacted] with the exception of one shotgun. He had seen a switchblade knife in BURCHWELL's possession. [redacted] pointed out that BURCHWELL kept one large locked trunk in [redacted] and it is possible the arms and ammunition were in this trunk; however, he is not certain. [redacted] stated he had seen BURCHWELL's Army bag and equipment, however paid little attention to the exact items that BURCHWELL possessed in this respect.

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on 12/11/62 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 157-203

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by Special Agents [redacted] /tjh Date dictated 12/12/62

7

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/12/62

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[redacted] R. J. Brown Company, 4228 West Highway 183, Irving, Texas, advised that ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL was employed under him from approximately the middle of July, 1962, until the time of his arrest by the Dallas Police Department on September 30, 1962. [redacted] advised that because of the publicity concerning BURCHWELL's arrest, he was forced by the parent company which owns the R. J. Brown Company, to dismiss BURCHWELL from his employment. [redacted] noted the R. J. Brown Company, a solvents and chemical company, is a wholly owned subsidiary of Ashland Oil Company of Ashland, Kentucky. [redacted] was advised that information had come to the attention of the FBI that he was a member, and in fact a leading member, of an organization which was gathering arms and ammunition and had had a meeting on the evening of September 29, 1962, which lasted until early morning hours of September 30, 1962. At this meeting, ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL was present. [redacted] refused to confirm or deny that he was a member of this organization or that he had attended such a meeting with ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL.

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[redacted] however, did advise that when he talked to BURCHWELL on October 1, 1962, and asked him why he had told the Dallas Police and agents of the FBI that he was going to Mississippi to aid Gen. WALKER, [redacted] stated BURCHWELL had told him that when he was arrested by the Dallas Police and they found the arms and ammunition, he thought this was the most plausible explanation and that the police department officers being good Southerners, would be sympathetic to him and release him.

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on 12/11/62 at Irving, Texas File # DL 157-203

by Special Agents JAMES P. HOSTY, JR. and RICHARD A. CARR/tjh Date dictated 12/12/62

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FD- 2 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/12/62

[redacted] R. J. Brown Co., 4228 West Highway 183, Irving, Texas, advised that he had worked with ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL from about the middle of July, 1962 until the time of BURCHWELL's arrest on September 30, 1962. [redacted] stated that prior to BURCHWELL's arrest, he had been teasing BURCHWELL about going to Mississippi to aid former General EDWIN A. WALKER. [redacted] noted that it was well known that BURCHWELL was a former military, as well as civilian, aide to EDWIN A. WALKER. BURCHWELL at no time admitted to [redacted] that he was going to follow WALKER to Mississippi, however. [redacted] stated that following BURCHWELL's release from jail, he was with BURCHWELL one evening and they had several beers. During the course of the evening, [redacted] asked BURCHWELL exactly what did happen and BURCHWELL advised him that a meeting of several individuals had taken place on the evening of September 29, 1962, until the early morning hours of September 30, 1962. The purpose of the meeting was to decide whether these individuals should go to Oxford, Mississippi to assist EDWIN A. WALKER. It was finally decided that nothing could be gained by such action and that this group would only get themselves in trouble, and that, therefore, it was decided that no individual present at this meeting would go to Oxford, Mississippi. BURCHWELL stated he was returning to [redacted] at the time he was arrested. He was driving [redacted] car and was extremely tired, having been awake all night arguing over the Mississippi matter. When the Dallas Police stopped him at approximately 6:30 a.m., and found the arms and ammunition in his car, he thought the best excuse he could give them was that he was going to Mississippi and that figuring they would be sympathetic to WALKER, would release him.

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on 12/11/62 at Irving, Texas File # DL 157-203

by Special Agents [redacted] and [redacted] tjh Date dictated 12/12/62

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/9/62

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[redacted]

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The above information is to be made public only upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum, which should be directed to [redacted]

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on 11/7/62 at Corsicana, Texas File # DL 157-203

by Special Agent [redacted] ;tjh Date dictated 11/8/62

10

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/19/62

[redacted]

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The above information is to be made public only upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum, which should be directed to [redacted]

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[redacted]

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b7C

on 11/14/62 at Cleburne, Texas File # DL 157-203

by Special Agent [redacted]/tjh Date dictated 11/15/62

11

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/1/62

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[redacted]

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The above information is to be made public only upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum, which should be directed to [redacted]

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[redacted]

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on 11/30/62 at Waxahachie, Texas File # DL 157-203

by Special Agent [redacted]/tjh Date dictated 12/3/62

12

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DL 157-203

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A review of the Maypearl, Texas Telephone Directory, issued by the Texas Telephone and Telegraph Company, Fairfield, Texas, disclosed that telephone number [redacted] is listed for [redacted]

Above investigation conducted by SA [redacted] on November 30, 1962.

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OPTIONAL FORM NO 10
5010-104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, Dallas (105-1475)

DATE: December 13, 1962

FROM : Director, FBI

SUBJECT: UNNAMED ORGANIZATION OF
DALLAS, TEXAS, PATRIOTS
IS - X
OO: DALLAS

Reurairtel 12-5-62.

Enclosed for your information is a copy of Department of State Publication 7277, Disarmament Series 5, released in September, 1961, by the Office of Public Services, Bureau of Public Affairs, captioned "Freedom From War", the United States Program for General and Complete Disarmament in a Peaceful World.

Following the interview with Ashland F. Burchwell, you should make your recommendations to the Bureau as to any additional investigation, if any, that is needed in accordance with Bulet 10-23-62.

Enclosure

2/26/98 5668 SLD/mde (JFK)

105-1475-18

ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SENT TO NATIONAL ARCHIVES (SEKARCA) DATE 4-16-98 FBI 34 JFK/DJP Unnamed Organization of Dallas TX

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DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

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Under the JFK Act, originals to all material deemed assassination records must be accesssioned to NARA regardless of whether the material is open in full or released with information postponed. Therefore, any documents or pages from FBI files accessioned to NARA pursuant to the JFK Act are no longer considered the possession of the FBI. The duplicate pages have been inserted strictly for research purposes.

The copies contained herein **do not** necessarily show the most up-to-date classification.

To attain a copy of the publicly released version of any materials maintained in the JFK Collection at the NARA facility in College Park, MD, you may contact the JFK Access Staff, at 301/713-6620.

The following materials were removed from this file and are maintained in the JFK Collection at NARA:

File & Serial Number	JFK Subject Identifier (for NARA purposes) Additional Request # 34
(DC) 105-1475-13	Unnamed Organization Dallas Tx

For Informational Purposes Only

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-439412) 1/8/63

SAC, DALLAS (105-1475)(P)

UNNAMED ORGANIZATION OF
DALLAS, TEXAS, PATRIOTS
IS - X

OO - Dallas

2/26/98 Stolar/JFK/jude (JFK)

ReBulet to Dallas, 12/13/62.

ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL was interviewed on 12/17/62 and reinterviewed on 12/26/62. Results of these interviews are sent to the Bureau in the case captioned "DESEGREGATION OF UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI - EDWIN A. WALKER," Bufile 157-401. b2

The following information was obtained during these interviews: b6

b7C

The members of this organization, in addition to other security precautions, use code names and not their true names when attending meetings, and exercise extreme security precautions. From the interviews of BURCHWELL, [redacted] who have been identified as members, it appears that individuals in this organization appear to be extremely fearful that the United States is in imminent danger of a communist take-over either directly or through surrender of the United States surrendering its armed forces to the United Nations. These fears appear to be based upon information being put out by the American Eagle Publishing Company of Dallas, owned by former General EDWIN A. WALKER and based upon the State Department document "Freedom from War." All of these individuals insist that they have no intention of overthrowing the United States Government at any time, however, admit that if this organization came under the control of an unreliable person it could become a possible danger to the United States. It was noted that in recent interviews with these individuals they appeared to be somewhat relieved by the strong action taken by the present administration in Cuba and are no longer as firmly convinced that the present administration is preparing to betray this country. The individuals in this organization appear to be extremely right wing in their political outlook. b7D

4-16-98 FBI 34 JFK/DJP Unnamed organization of Dallas TX

0-1 1/14/63
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2 - Bureau (RM) 676675
2 - Dallas
JPM:jeg
(4)

105-1475-19

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It was admitted by [redacted] and BURCHWELL that this b7D
organization at one time was affiliated with the "Minutemen," Bufile 62-107261; however, they are no longer connected with this organization but are acting independently in the Dallas area since they are not satisfied with the leadership of [redacted]

It would not appear that this organization is racial in nature in view of their decision not to become involved at Oxford, Mississippi, but this organization would appear to be a "anti-communist" organization with strong right wing tendencies since it is similar in scope to the "Minutemen."

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It is recommended to the Bureau that this organization be handled in a similar manner as the "Minutemen." From all b7C
appearances it appears that [redacted] is the leader of this group in the Dallas area.

ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL indicated that if charges against him were dismissed he intended to leave the Dallas area and reenlist in the U. S. Army.

The following is the recommendation of the Dallas Office regarding this matter:

b2
That the Dallas Office continue to maintain contact b7D
with [redacted] to follow the activities of this organization and develop additional information on the aims and purposes of the organization.

Attorney [redacted], who has been representing BURCHWELL in the Switchblade Knife Act case, will also be interviewed regarding this matter following the dismissal of the charges against BURCHWELL.

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It [redacted] noted that during the interviews of b7C
BURCHWELL, he was extremely cooperative with the FBI.

In view of the possible political ramifications of this case, extreme caution will be used and the Bureau kept advised. No controversial persons will be interviewed by the Dallas Office without advising the Bureau.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

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The following materials were removed from this file and are maintained in the JFK Collection at NARA:

File & Serial Number	JFK Subject Identifier (for NARA purposes) Additional Request # 34
(DL) 105-1475-17	Unnamed Organizations & Dallas Tx

For Informational Purposes Only

OPTIONAL FORM NO 10
5010-104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, Dallas (105-1475) DATE: January 24, 1963

FROM : Director, FBI (100-439412)

SUBJECT: UNNAMED ORGANIZATION OF DALLAS, TEXAS, PATRIOTS INFORMATION CONCERNING (INTERNAL SECURITY)

ReBulets 10/23 and 12/13/62 and urlet 1/8/63.

Your relet stated that it does not appear this organization is racial in nature but appears to be an "anticommunist" organization similar to the "Minutemen," with which it was affiliated in the past.

In view of the above and in view of the lack of information that the activities of this organization come within the investigative jurisdiction of this Bureau, it is desired that no further investigative effort be made by your office, including an interview with Attorney [redacted] who represented Ashland F. Burchwell in connection with Burchwell's violation of the Switchblade Knife Act. The Bureau has no objection to your maintaining contact with [redacted] to follow the activities of this group, particularly such activities that may constitute a violation of any Federal statute over which the Bureau has investigative jurisdiction. In the event such information is developed it should be furnished the Bureau promptly under the appropriate substantive case caption.

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b7C

In view of the above you are instructed to close your case in this matter.

2/26/98 5668-SH/mde
SFK

105-1475-20

Close

SEARCHED @ ok

FBI

Hosty

DATE 4-16-98 FBI 34

JFK/DJP unnamed organization of Dallas Tx

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

For Informational Purposes Only

The originals removed from this file and replaced with duplicate copies of the original were accessioned to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) pursuant to the JFK Records Collection Act of 1992. Provision of the JFK Act allowed for certain information to be postponed from public release until the year 2017; therefore, the pages have **NOT** necessarily been released for public review in their entirety.

Under the JFK Act, originals to all material deemed assassination records must be accesssioned to NARA regardless of whether the material is open in full or released with information postponed. Therefore, any documents or pages from FBI files accessioned to NARA pursuant to the JFK Act are no longer considered the possession of the FBI. The duplicate pages have been inserted strictly for research purposes.

The copies contained herein **do not** necessarily show the most up-to-date classification.

To attain a copy of the publicly released version of any materials maintained in the JFK Collection at the NARA facility in College Park, MD, you may contact the JFK Access Staff, at 301/713-6620.

The following materials were removed from this file and are maintained in the JFK Collection at NARA:

File & Serial Number	JFK Subject Identifier (for NARA purposes) Additional Request # 34
(D) 105-1475-20	Unknown Organization Dallas TX

For Informational Purposes Only

DIRECTOR, FBI 9/9/63
ATTN: ASSISTANT DIRECTOR WILLIAM C. SULLIVAN

SAC, DALLAS (80-643)

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b7C

[redacted]

On 9/3/63 [redacted] advised SA [redacted], on a highly confidential basis that [redacted] is a leading member of the secret organization similar to the Minutemen. [redacted] advised that [redacted] advised that ASHLAND FREDERIC BURCHWELL, subject of Bufile 152-40 who was arrested by the Dallas PD with a large amount of ammunition in his car allegedly destined for Oxford, Mississippi, to assist former Major General EDWIN A. WALKER [redacted] advised [redacted] It should be noted this organization is subject of Bufile 100-439412 and bears caption Unnamed Organization of Dallas, Texas, Patriots, information concerning internal security.

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It should be noted that [redacted] is a close personal friend of SA [redacted] and he furnished this information on a highly confidential basis. [redacted] advised [redacted]

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The above is being furnished for the information of the Bureau in view of correspondence that [redacted] has had with the Bureau and with Assistant Director SULLIVAN.

ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SENT TO NATIONAL ARCHIVES (AFRICA) DATE 4-16-98 FBI 34 JFK/DTP unnamed organization of Dallas Tx.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 2/26/98 5668-SLD/mde (JFK)

2-Bureau
2-Dallas (1 - 80-643)
(1 - 105-1475)

JPH:sah
(4) Sertalize

105-1475-21

For Informational Purposes Only

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

The originals removed from this file and replaced with duplicate copies of the original were accessioned to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) pursuant to the JFK Records Collection Act of 1992. Provision of the JFK Act allowed for certain information to be postponed from public release until the year 2017; therefore, the pages have **NOT** necessarily been released for public review in their entirety.

Under the JFK Act, originals to all material deemed assassination records must be accesssioned to NARA regardless of whether the material is open in full or released with information postponed. Therefore, any documents or pages from FBI files accessioned to NARA pursuant to the JFK Act are no longer considered the possession of the FBI. The duplicate pages have been inserted strictly for research purposes.

The copies contained herein **do not** necessarily show the most up-to-date classification.

To attain a copy of the publicly released version of any materials maintained in the JFK Collection at the NARA facility in College Park, MD, you may contact the JFK Access Staff, at 301/713-6620.

The following materials were removed from this file and are maintained in the JFK Collection at NARA:

File & Serial Number	JFK Subject Identifier (for NARA purposes) Additional Request # 34
(AC) 105-1475-21	Unnamed Organizations Dallas TX

For Informational Purposes Only

OPTIONAL FORM NO 10
5010-104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-107261) DATE: 2/14/64

FROM : SAC, DALLAS (105-1280)(P)

SUBJECT: "MINUTEMEN"
INFORMATION CONCERNING
(IS)
(OO: KANSAS CITY)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

Rebuairtel 1/16/64 to SAC, Albany.

A review of the files of the Dallas Office, and investigation conducted to date through informants, sources, and reliable contacts, has revealed no evidence of any unit or organized activity on the part of subject organization in the Dallas Division either currently or in the past.

As a consequence no report is being submitted at this time but investigation is continuing in this case, and in what may be related cases as mentioned hereinafter.

There follows possibly pertinent information gleaned from a review of the Dallas files and current investigation which will serve as a basis for continued investigation to determine specifically whether captioned organization is active in any manner, or has any adherents of moment in this territory making effort, overt or otherwise, to establish activity here.

2 - Bureau
2 - Kansas City (62-7797)
1 - Houston (62-1802)(Info)
1 - El Paso (Info)
10 - Dallas (2 - 105-1686)
(2 - 105-1264)
(2 - 105-1475)
(2 - 157-218)
(2 - 105-1280)

RLW:em
(16)

105-1475-22

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The following information concerning [redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted] b6 b7C

[redacted] further advised that he has determined that [redacted] is apparently a member of the "Minutemen" organizati or is strongly sympathetic to this group, and is possibly selling firearms to members of the "Minutemen", or a similar type organization. b6 b7C

On 12/4/63, Patrolman [redacted] Irving Police Department, Irving, Texas, among other things, mentioned that as a result of his contacts with [redacted] he had determined that [redacted] has been in touch with the following organizations: "Minutemen", John Birch Society and Cuban counter-revolutionary agents. b6 b7C

[redacted] b6 b7C

The file on [redacted] in the Dallas Division is in a pending status and the possibility of connections on his part with "Minutemen" will be followed in that file. Once the pending ATTU prosecution against him is adjudicated, serious consideration will be given to interviewing him in this regard. Any pertinent information obtained in the course of the current investigation of him, or in the eventual interview, when and b6 b7C

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[redacted]

On 9/3/63, [redacted] (protect), advised [redacted], on a highly confidential basis that [redacted] is a leading member of a secret organization similar to the "Minutemen". [redacted] advised that [redacted]

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[redacted] advised that ASHLAND FREDERIC BURCHWELL, (Bufile 152-40, entitled "ASHLAND FREDERIC BURCHWELL, Switchblade Knife Act," OO: DL, Dallas file 152-2) who was arrested by the Dallas Police Department with a large amount of ammunition in his car allegedly destined for Oxford, Mississippi, to assist former Major General EDWIN A. WALKER [redacted] BURCHWELL also had in his car papers indicative of some type organizational structure or operation, but he said these belonged to a friend whom he did not care to identify, and he disclaimed knowledge of their significance. [redacted] advised that [redacted] It should be noted this organization is subject of Bufile 100-439412 and bears caption "UNNAMED ORGANIZATION OF DALLAS, TEXAS PATRIOTS, INFORMATION CONCERNING - INTERNAL SECURITY".

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ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL was interviewed on December 17, 1962, and reinterviewed on December 26, 1962. Results of these interviews were sent to the Bureau in the case captioned "DESEGRATION OF UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI - EDWIN A. WALKER," Bufile 157-401.

The following information was obtained during these interviews:

The members of this organization, in addition to other security precautions, use code names and not their true names when attending meetings, and exercise extreme security precautions. From the interviews of BURCHWELL, [redacted] who have been identified as members, it appears that individuals in this organization

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appear to be extremely fearful that the United States is in imminent danger of a communist take-over either directly or through surrender of the United States surrendering its armed forces to the United Nations. These fears appear to be based upon information being put out by the American Eagle Publishing Company of Dallas, Texas, owned by former General EDWIN A. WALKER and based upon the State Department document "Freedom from War." All of these individuals insist that they have no intention of overthrowing the United States Government at any time, however, admit that if this organization came under the control of an unreliable person it could become a possible danger to the United States. It was noted that in recent interviews with these individuals they appeared to be somewhat relieved by the strong action taken by the present administration in Cuba and are no longer as firmly convinced that the present administration is preparing to betray this country.

It was admitted by [redacted] and BURCHWELL that this organization at one time had considered affiliation with the "Minutemen"; however, they are no longer connected with this organization but are acting independently in the Dallas area since they were not satisfied with the leadership of [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

The Dallas file in the case entitled "UNNAMED ORGANIZATION OF DALLAS, TEXAS, PATRIOTS; INFO CONCERNING (INTERNAL SECURITY); OO: DL; Bufile 100-439412, Dallas file 105-1475, is being reopened for a determination of the present status of this group and a reinterview of [redacted] and others as warranted and appropriate. Any information pertinent to instant investigation which is obtained will be reported in the instant case, as well as in the Unnamed Organization file. b7C b7D b6

On 11/16/61, [redacted] a member of the Communist Party from 1943 to 1963, and who furnished information to the FBI during this period, and [redacted] advised SA [redacted] that they had no information concerning the "Minutemen" organization and that this organization was unknown to them. b6 b7C b7D b2

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On 11/27/61, [redacted] was contacted by SA [redacted] and reported no knowledge of the "Minutemen" organizatio operating or organizing in this area.

On 11/30/61, former [redacted] and former PCI (RAC) [redacted] advised SA [redacted] they had no information to the effect that there was any organization known as "Minutemen" in this area. Both advised that in the event information of this kind was obtained it would be transmitted to the Dallas Office of the FBI.

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On 12/6/61, [redacted] Intelligence Unit, Dallas Police Department, advised SA [redacted], his office had no record of "Minutemen" and knew of no branch of that organization operating in this area. [redacted] stated that an article appeared in one of the Dallas daily newspapers to the effect that an organization had been formed in the Los Angeles area, but that no information had been received that the organization was operating in Dallas.

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On 8/23/62, former [redacted] was being interviewed in connection with an applicant investigation by SA [redacted]

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Former [redacted] advised that he was able to determine that [redacted]

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According to former [redacted] most of these individuals are either members of the John Birch Society or former members of the John Birch Society who have become disgusted with merely writing letters and similar type activities, and they feel

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this nation is in imminent danger of invasion by the Soviet Union, and they wish to be prepared to resist such an invation. They also fear that traitors within the United States will attempt to surrender this country to communism by turning this country over to the United Nations which in turn would give this country over to the communists, and they intend to resist this.

According to former [redacted] most of these people even feel that Senator BARRY GOLDWATER is too liberal, and they are mostly anti-Semitic. These individuals insist, however, that they will not violate the constitution of the United States, but are merely attempting to protect the United States from communist enemies from within and outside the United States. b7D b2

It would appear the above information is probably with regard to some of the same groups involved in the "Unnamed Organizations of Dallas, Texas, Patriots" and it will be considered with respect to bringing that investigation up to date as mentioned hereinbefore. b6

On October 20, 1962, [redacted] furnished the following information to the Dallas Office. b7C

[redacted]

[redacted]

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It will be recalled the NIC (Bufile 100-436567; Dallas file 105-1264) was formed in Dallas in October, 1961, [redacted] for the ostensible purpose of protesting the training of Yugoslav pilots in the United States and the sale of American jet planes and other material to Yugoslavia.

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By letter dated 10/26/62 to Dallas the Kansas City Office identified [redacted]

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The file on the National Indignation Convention, Misc.-Info Concerning (IS), (Bufile 100-436567; Dallas file 105-1264), is being reopened for a current determination of its status and any connection or identification it may have with subject organization.

The "Dallas Times Herald," Dallas, Texas, a daily newspaper, on 9/1/63, contained an article entitled "'Wanted' Posters Put Up Calling Khrushchev Killer." It stated the long dormant "Minutemen", an anti- communist organization, or an organization using the same name, cropped

up in Dallas, Texas, on August 31, 1963, with the appearance of numerous "Wanted for Murder - Khrushchev" posters on downtown business windows. It stated the posters imitated the police and FBI wanted persons posters and described the Soviet Premier as "an extremely vicious criminal who should under no circumstances be trusted," which the article stated was a pointed attack on the proposed nuclear ban treaty. The article stated the militant "Minutemen" group in 1961 gained national recognition when it conducted guerrilla field maneuvers near Collinsville, Illinois. The leader of that organization in 1961 was identified as [redacted]. It stated that the "Minutemen" have dropped out of sight since 1961, and said the posters taped to several downtown Dallas business windows on August 31, 1963, constituted the first indication that organization, or one using that name, had made any appearance in Dallas. The article quoted [redacted] of the Dallas Police Department, Intelligence Bureau, as knowing of no "Minutemen" organization in Dallas, although said "there might be some sympathizers." A photograph of the poster appeared with the article.

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[redacted] Special Services Division, Dallas Police Department, on September 11, 1963, advised posters, as described in the article in the "Dallas Times Herald" on September 1, 1963, were found on windows of several business establishments in Dallas, one being on the window of the building housing the "Dallas Times Herald" and several being on establishments in the Wynnewood Shopping Center, Dallas. He said the posters, in addition to containing Soviet Premier KHRUSHCHEV's photograph, stated he was wanted for murder, citing vicious deeds committed by KHRUSHCHEV in the past. At the bottom of the poster appeared the word "MINUTEMEN". He said the word "MINUTEMEN" at the bottom of the poster appears possibly placed there by a rubber stamp or at least by some kind of a printing process which does not appear to be the same printing as the remainder of the poster. His office has developed no information as to who distributed same. He stated his office has no knowledge there is any organization existing in the Dallas, Texas, area under the name "Minutemen" He stated he was contacted on August 31, 1963, by [redacted]

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a news reporter of the "Dallas Times Herald" who inquired of him as to existence of a group in Dallas known as "Minutemen."

On 1/4/64, [redacted] reported that [redacted] b2 b6 b7C b7D

On 1/22/64, [redacted] advised that the organization associated with the Association of Arkansas Klans of the Ku Klux Klan is not affiliated with any other organization except the Klan in Arkansas even though it is known by the name of "Minutemen." [redacted] stated that this group had no affiliation or association with any other organization of the same name, and he stated he had never heard of the organization in Missouri. b6 b7C

On 2/6/64, [redacted] Intelligence Unit, Dallas Police Department, advised SA [redacted] that he had no knowledge of any "Minutemen" organization in the Dallas area. He advised, however, that on October 17, 1963 two individuals were questioned in reference to a quantity of narcotics found in their possession. These individuals advised they were delivering the narcotics as a part of a medical build-up of "Minutemen" supplies. They advised they were en route from the western United States and making pick-ups of these supplies en route to Florida. No details were obtained from these individuals regarding point of pick-up or location of final destination. b2 b7D

[redacted] identified these two above listed individuals as [redacted] and [redacted] is subject of Bufile [redacted] entitled [redacted] INTERNAL SECURITY - NICARAGUA, REGISTRATION ACT - NICARAGUA," Dallas file 2-68. Communications mentioning [redacted] have also been directed to the Bureau in the [redacted] case. b6 b7C

[redacted] is also subject of Bufile [redacted], entitled [redacted] NEUTRALITY MATTERS", Dallas file 2-65. b6

The present whereabouts of [redacted] and [redacted] are unknown, but it would appear, from information available concerning them, they are adventurers and mercenaries, and it is not believed they warrant attention at this time with respect to subject organization, or until or unless some more specific information identifying them with subject organization is received. b7C

LEADS:

KANSAS CITY

AT KANSAS CITY, KANSAS. Will furnish to Dallas any information available indicative of activity or membership of subject organization in the Dallas Field Division.

EL PASO, HOUSTON, and SAN ANTONIO

Information copy being furnished to show status this investigation in Dallas Field Division because of possible relationship between the Dallas investigation and the investigation in those Divisions.

DALLAS

AT DALLAS, TEXAS. Will contact [redacted] ATTU, to determine specifically what information he has of possible connection between subject organization and [redacted] [redacted] b6 b7C

Will consider interview of [redacted] upon final adjudication of ATTU prosecutive action against him. b6

Will contact Patrolman [redacted] Irving Police Department for any specifics he has as to possible operati of subject organization and [redacted] connection therewith. b7C

Will report results of inquiry being made through established sources and reliable contacts throughout the RA territories as to the existence of any units or known adherents of subject organization in those areas.

Will correlate information obtained through checking the current status and activity of the organizations on which Dallas files are being reopened, and report this as pertinent in instant file.

Will contact former [redacted] for any additional information he is able to furnish at this time with respect to possible activity of subject organization in Dallas Division. b2 b6

Will reinterview [redacted] for any new information he may have and any information available to enlarge upon that previously furnished by him. b7C b7D

2/26/64

AIR TEL AIR MAIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (157-342)(C)

RE: AMERICAN EAGLE PUBLISHING COMPANY
[redacted] b6
INFORMATION CONCERNING b7C

Re Buatel to Dallas, 2/20/64.

[redacted]
of the National Indignation Convention which was formed in Dallas, Texas on 10/14/61 to protest the sale of 135 Sabre Jet fighters to Yugoslavia, and the training of Yugoslav airmen at Texas air bases. [redacted] is a self-admitted member of the John Birch Society and information has been received that this society was one of the prime movers behind the National Indignation Convention. b6 b7C

[redacted] b6 b7C

3 - Bureau
4 - Dallas (1 - 157-342)
(1 - 105-1264)
(1 - 105-1475)
(1 - 62-3107)

WHB:em
(7)

H

Serialize EW
Index
File EW
Search

105-1475-23

DL 157-342

[redacted]

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A review of the file has determined that the American Eagle Publishing Company, P. O. Box 750, Dallas, Texas, distributed a pamphlet entitled "The Victory Purge", which contained an analysis by General WALKER. Another pamphlet entitled "What is Counterinsurgency?" also contained an analysis by General WALKER, and both were distributed in 1962.

[redacted] has been reported to be an associate of General WALKER, the latter having been arrested by authorities for his participation in the desegregation of the University of Mississippi.

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b7C

D-8 (Rev. 12-13-56)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-24-2006 BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF

FBI

Date: March 2, 1964

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via Airtel _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

To: SAC, Dallas (105-1280)

From: Director, FBI (62-107261)

"MINUTEMEN"
INFORMATION CONCERNING
(INTERNAL SECURITY)

Reurlet 2/14/64.

Page 10 states that a copy of relet was being furnished to El Paso, Houston and San Antonio Offices; however, a copy of relet was not designated for San Antonio. You are instructed to furnish San Antonio with a copy of relet.

Page 4, next-to-last paragraph, states that your file in the case entitled "Unnamed Organization of Dallas, Texas, Patriots; Info Concerning (Internal Security)" was being reopened for a determination of the present status of the group. Page 7, next-to-last paragraph, states that your file on "National Indignation Convention, Misc.-Info Concerning (IS)" is being reopened for a current determination of its status and any connection it may have with captioned organization.

There does not appear to be any basis for reopening those two cases in your office and, if they have been reopened, you are instructed to close them. If there is any connection

1 - El Paso
1 - Houston (62-1802)
1 - Kansas City (62-7797)
1 - San Antonio

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SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
INDEXED
FILED
MAR 1 1964
FBI

105-1475-24

between those two organizations and captioned organization such information should be developed during the course of the investigation in captioned matter.

You are instructed to expedite the outstanding investigation in the territory covered by your office in this matter in order that this matter can be brought to an early and logical conclusion.

DECLASSIFIED BY 60309 AUC TAM/DCG/JHF
ON 03-24-2006

DIRECTOR, FBI (157-2138) 12/15/64

SAC, DALLAS (157-425)(P)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ALLEGED KLAN PARTICIPATION
IN INSURRECTION PLOT
RACIAL MATTERS

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ReBulet 11/19/64.

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[redacted] and [redacted] were contacted by SA [redacted] on 12/8/64, and [redacted] was contacted by SA [redacted] on 12/14/64. These sources, who were previously alerted to immediately advise if any information came to their attention to substantiate the rumors concerning Klan groups in Alabama and Mississippi acting under the direction of Major General EDWIN A. WALKER in bringing about an insurrection, advised they had no information indicating that [redacted] the Unnamed Organization of Dallas, Texas, Patriots, or the National Indignation Convention might be involved in this alleged insurrection plot.

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[redacted] who has general knowledge concerning Klan members in the Dallas area, advised he had never received any information to indicate that [redacted] or the above groups were ever affiliated with any klan groups, or that they were racial in origin or purpose.

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A review of the Dallas files on [redacted] and the two organizations mentioned in reference Bulet reveals the following:

Review of the case captioned "NATIONAL INDIGNATION CONVENTION, MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING," Bufile 100-436567, Dallas 105-1264, discloses the following:

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That organization was formed [redacted] in Dallas, in about October, 1961, to protest the bringing to the United States pilots, mechanics, and other personnel from Yugoslavia for training, and to stop the sale of supplies and equipment to that country. Available information indicated that the John Birch Society in Dallas was the prime mover behind the National Indignation Convention and that most leading members of the latter organization were also members of the John Birch Society. The National Indignation Convention also indicated in 1962 that they would attempt to defeat all members of the U. S. Congress who voted in favor of foreign aid to Yugoslavia or Poland.

Serialize
Index
File
Search

3 - Bureau
5 - Dallas (1 - Dallas 105-1264) (1 - Dallas 157-425)
(1 - Dallas 105-1686) (1 - Dallas 157-169)
(8) (1 - Dallas 105-1475)

105 1475-25

An item from "The Dallas Times Herald" for 5/3/62, revealed that Major General EDWIN A. WALKER, then one of six Democratic candidates for Texas governor, had addressed a National Indignation Convention audience of about 500 at Dallas the previous night. He accused the KENNEDY administration of leading the nation into a totalitarian state, and foresaw an end to free elections in the United States under United Nations military control.

Throughout the inquiry conducted concerning the National Indignation Convention, there was never any indication that that group was racial in nature, had among its membership members of the Ku Klux Klan, or was making any effort to collect weapons for any reason whatsoever.

In early 1964, [redacted] was mailing mimeographed letters to numerous individuals throughout the United States seeking personal financial assistance, and citing financial obligations assumed by him on behalf of the National Indignation Convention as the reason for his solicitation. However, there is no indication that this organization has been active as a group for more than a year. b6 b7C

Review of the case captioned [redacted] aka., IS - CUBA, NEUTRALITY MATTER," Bufile [redacted] Dallas [redacted] discloses the following: b6 b7C

[redacted] first came to the attention of the San Antonio Office in October, 1963, when it was learned he was in contact with [redacted] on several occasions, seeking information as to where certain type firearms and scrap, could be purchased, and it appeared that at least some of these inquiries concerned the possible purchase and resale of firearms and ammunition to a group or groups which planned to attack Castro Cuba. b6 b7C

On 11/20/63 [redacted] was arrested by officers of the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax Unit in Dallas for violation of the Federal Firearms Act, being accused of selling parts which could convert an M-1 semi-automatic carbine into an M-2 fully automatic carbine. b6 b7C

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[redacted] According to newspaper articles appearing in the Dallas press, the offense allegedly occurred from November 14 to 20, 1963, when a police officer made a number of purchases and trades for weapons, including a German-made machine pistol. Agents also had information that [redacted] claimed to have been in contact with machine gun dealers in Mexico, according to data offered the court. [redacted] at first pleaded innocent, but later changed his plea to guilty.

[redacted] ATTU, Dallas, advised on 2/11/64, that questioning of [redacted] following his arrest disclosed that he was of strong "right-wing" beliefs and inclinations. [redacted] said there was in the Dallas area a small "elite group" of patriots who were arming for the defense of the country, inasmuch as the government was being infiltrated by communists and a patriot could no longer look to his government for protection. [redacted] received the impression that this group was local in nature. [redacted] also stated he had determined [redacted] was apparently a member of the "Minutemen," or is strongly sympathetic to that group, and might be selling firearms to members of the "Minutemen" or a similar-type organization.

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Throughout the inquiry conducted by this office in connection with the above case there was never any indication that [redacted] or any of the individuals with whom he was dealing in the purchase and sale of firearms, weapons, and ammunition, were involved with any Klan groups or individuals known to be members of the Klan.

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Review of the case captioned "UNNAMED ORGANIZATION OF DALLAS, TEXAS, PATRIOTS, INFORMATION CONCERNING (INTERNAL SECURITY), Bufile 100-439412, Dallas file 105-1475 discloses the following:

Inquiry in that case was commenced with the arrest of ASHLAND F. BURCHWELL of Dallas on 9/30/63, by the Dallas PD, at which time he had in his possession several firearms, a large amount of ammunition, a switch-blade knife, and 200 or 300 cards which appeared to be membership cards of some organization. In interviews, BURCHWELL admitted being associated with an unnamed organization, similar to, but not affiliated with the "Minutemen." BURCHWELL had been assigned under General EDWIN A. WALKER while in the armed services and had worked briefly for him as a civilian in Dallas. He and other sources described the group as one whose members feared a communist take-over in the United States, and who had banded together to resist the communists in any invasion or subversion of the United States.

[redacted], b2 b7D
denied that there was any connection with the group and General WALKER. (U)

Immediately prior to BURCHWELL's arrest, he met with six other individuals in Dallas to decide whether to go to Mississippi, following General WALKER's television appeal for followers to go to that state to protest illegal Federal encroachment upon the state rights of Mississippi. BURCHWELL stated it was finally decided not to go to Mississippi since by doing so the members of the group would be leaving themselves open to possible prosecution.

BURCHWELL also stated he had the weapons and ammunition in his car at the time of arrest because he was in the process of moving his residence and had been carrying these items in his car for a couple of days. [redacted] advised the group was gathering equipment to resist the take-over of the United States by U. N. troops which they felt was imminent. (U) b2 b7D

The fears on the part of members of the above group appeared to be based, on some part, on the writings and speeches of former General WALKER.

Based on the fact the above organization had decided not to get involved in Oxford, Mississippi, and the complete lack of any information indicating its members had any affiliation with or interest in the Ku Klux Klan or other racially-inspired groups, but was more of an anti-communist organization with strong right wing tendencies, it was concluded that the group was not racial in nature.

The Bureau's attention is called to recent correspondence from Dallas in connection with the case captioned " 'MINUTEMEN', INFORMATION CONCERNING (INTERNAL SECURITY)," Bufile 62-107261, Dallas file 105-1280, in which the Bureau has been advised of a group in Fort Worth, Texas, apparently aligned with the "MINUTEMEN," which has been organized to fight against Federal control of national and local governments and to fight for "State's rights." This group believes the Federal government is "selling out" to the communists and that they are the last line of defense against this sellout. This group is reportedly secondarily racial in that it believes in white supremacy.

Several members of this group claim to be acquainted with General EDWIN A. WALKER, who has been reported as acting in the capacity as advisor. The group also has reportedly been collecting firearms and ammunition, and is ready to take action against various Negro [illegible] the Fort Worth area in the event of a Negro up[illegible] However, information obtained to date indicates this group is local in nature and concerned only with matters in the Fort Worth area. The source in that case has also advised that the group has no connection with the Ku Klux Klan. Contact is maintained with this source and this office has been alert for any information to indicate the group might be involved in the alleged insurrection plot of the Klan. Investigation is continuing in that matter and the Bureau is being currently advised of developments.

It is noted that Birmingham is origin in the case captioned "ALLEGED KLAN PARTICIPATION IN INSURRECTION PLOT, RM." However, because the inquiry and file review set forth in this letter pertains to groups and individuals who have no known connection with Klan activity and are local in nature, and because no copy of reference Bureau letter was furnished Birmingham, copies of this letter are not being designated for that office.

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File & Serial Number	JFK Subject Identifier (for NARA purposes) Additional Request # 34
(DL) 105-1475-1A	(Unnamed Organizations) Dallas TX

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FD-340a (4-7-61)

(Title)

(File No.)

(1) 36 page autostat of material concerning captioned organization
2. Pamphlet "The Victory Purge" (12.3.62 ed)
3. Pamphlet "What is Counterinsurgency?" " "
4. Dept of State Booklet - "Freedom from War" (12.18.62 ed)

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What Is COUNTERINSURGENCY?

AN ANALYSIS BY
EDWIN A. WALKER

Reproduced below is an announcement of the Army's new "counterinsurgency" program as it appeared in the April 1962 issue of the OCTAGON, a publication of Headquarters VIII U S. Army Corps, Austin, Texas

VIII CORPS
Octagon 8

VOL I NO 3 HEADQUARTERS VIII US ARMY CORPS April 1962

COUNTER INSURGENCY TRAINING TO BE EMPHASIZED

2/26/98 [illegible] (JFK)

AUSTIN -- Special emphasis will be placed by the Army on counterinsurgency during the coming months, to include troop training, troop information and public information.

Lt. Col. Samuel H. Roberts of the VIII US Army Corps G3 Section, who attended a two-day conference March 23 and 24 at Ft. Monroe, Va., said that the new emphasis on the counterinsurgency training will include all Army Reserve units.

He said that General Herbert B. Powell, Commanding General of the US Army Continental Army Command, told the more than 200 conferees that it is mandatory that all Army personnel be thoroughly familiar with counterinsurgency and that all soldiers will be given information and instruction on the subject.

General Powell defined counterinsurgency as an action including all military, political, economic, psychological and sociological activities directed toward preventing and supressing resistance groups whose actions range in degrees of violence and scope from subversive political activity to violent actions by large guerrilla elements to overthrow duly established governments.

The Army began sometime ago to expand its special forces-groups trained in guerrilla warfare tactics and all phases of overt and covert counter actions.

"Now our actions must be very far-reaching," Maj.Gen. Louis W. Truman, USCONARC's Operations, plans and training Chief, said. "Every individual in the regular Army, the Reserve, the ROTC and the cadets at West Point must be indoctrinated or trained in counterinsurgency just as soon as physically possible.

Col. Roberts said that among items discussed at the conference was a "Big Picture" television series titled "Special Forces" to be issued shortly by Department of the Army.

He said that it was brought out that comprehensive counterinsurgency plans are required to integrate and coordinate the use of all military and non-military means including available outside assistance to point out and eliminate all forms of insurgency.

Attending the conference were representatives from Department of the Army, CONARC, Military District of Washington, all major active divisions, Army service schools, training agencies and centers, and selected Reserve component units.

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What Is Counterinsurgency?

The foregoing announcement includes a definition of this ominous new term, which, however, can be fully understood only in the light of certain passages from the so-called "Fulbright Memorandum." The authors of that momentous state paper, to which the Rhodes Scholar Senator from Arkansas lent his name, have not been identified, but are obviously professional "intellectuals." They wrote, shortly after the case of General Walker had been broken by the press: "In the long run it is quite possible that the principal problem of leadership will be, if it is not already, to restrain the desire of the people to hit the Communists with everything we've got, particularly if there are more Cubas and Laos." Here the intellectuals shrewdly recognize that their immediate opponents are not the Communists, but the American people

Continuing, the text of the Fulbright Memorandum shows that the danger to the program of the intellectuals (which is the same as the program of the Kennedy Administration) is potentially very serious, and that something must be done to avert or meet that danger. After referring to President Kennedy's description of the Cold War as "a long twilight struggle," the authors of the Fulbright Memorandum observe: "The radicalism of the right can be expected to have great mass appeal during such periods If the military is infected with this virus of rightwing radicalism, the danger is worthy of attention. If it believes the public is, the danger is enhanced. If, by the process of the military educating the public, the fevers of both groups are raised, the danger is great indeed."

What to do about it? Here, in part, is the answer, from the Fulbright Memorandum: "The White House and the Defense Department should cease treating propaganda activities of military personnel as problems of discipline in individual cases or of coordination of such cases from a press or public relations standpoint, and begin the process of formulating directives which will bring such military activities under effective civilian control. So long as the cases are treated individually as disciplinary cases, there may well be considerable public sympathy with the individual concerned, as a person, or with his expressed viewpoint. [The intellectuals were obviously somewhat frightened by the response of the American People to General Walker.] However, if appropriate directives are established, as general propositions, without reference to specific cases, the broad principle of civilian control would be accepted — or, to take the converse, disagreement with the principle would be difficult to sustain. The organization, mission, and operation of the National War College should be reviewed. . . "

Apparently, the counterinsurgency training introduced in our military forces at the conference at Ft. Monroe in March is the principal result so far of the decision by the authors of the Fulbright Memorandum that something must be done to avert or meet the potential danger they see in the attitude of the American people, especially if the military and the people were allowed to get together in natural friendliness. Counter-insurgency will train the military to be ready to crack down on the people, and the people to be suspicious of and hostile toward the military.

Statement by EDWIN A. WALKER On "COUNTERINSURGENCY"

(Excerpt from General Walker's speech before the National Indignation Convention in Dallas May 2, 1962, broadcast over NIC radio hook-up)

The destruction of our national sovereignty — which continues by United Nations design, with Washington support — must be accomplished from within the United States. It can happen only through dictatorial power, as it did in Russia and Cuba — implemented, as it was done there, by military forces turned upon the people

Now I will tell you of instructions which have been issued by Kennedy's Defense Department to the Military Forces. The "Octagon," a paper of the Eighth Corps Headquarters at Austin, reports that all Army Reserve Units will receive counterinsurgency training. These orders were issued to Reserve units in every state by the Commanding General of the Army Field Forces, who is responsible for all training of troops in the United States. He defined "counterinsurgency" as — and I quote now — "an action including all military, political, economic, psychological and sociological activities directed toward preventing and suppressing resistance groups whose actions range in degrees of violence and scope from subversive political activity to violent actions by large guerrilla elements to overthrow duly established governments."

This clearly implies and substantiates the Administration's intent to prepare troops in every state to put down opposition in any area — social, political, or economic — to the Administration's policies. This is the pattern — and a necessity in the development of a police state. This is preparing the Army for its job under the UN program 7277 [program of "General and Complete Disarmament" as set forth in State Department Publication 7277, issued in September 1961, and as presented to the

United Nations conference at Geneva by Ambassador Arthur H. Dean in April 1962], which provides — and I quote "States would retain only those forces required for the purpose of maintaining internal order."

Some may imagine that "counterinsurgency" is intended to put down Communism as an internal threat. But never forget that the Kennedy Administration has repeatedly declared that Communism is NOT an internal threat. Therefore "counterinsurgency" must be against something else.

The use of the term "resistance groups" shows what it is against. Resistance forces are always native to a country, and try to preserve its independence In our country it means native Americans opposed to Communism When the Army is trained to put down resistance groups, it is trained to crack down on anti-communists in the United States, just as our forces are already cracking down on anti-communists in Katanga.

Such an anti-pro blue position reveals why it was necessary for the Administration to get me out of command in the Army. Not only was it necessary that I be relieved of my command of the 24th Division, but it was also necessary that orders be canceled which would have assigned me to the command of the VIII Reserve Corps Headquarters in Austin — the very same headquarters from which comes the news to put down counter-insurgency.

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The VICTORY PURGE

(A complete inter-related picture of the State Department Document No. 7277)

With analysis by
EDWIN A. WALKER*

The publication *Freedom from War*, #7277, September 1961, is the State Department's planned program for disarming. It provides for —

1 *Placing all armed forces under an international organization — the UN.*

2 *Placing all weapons under an international organization.*

3. *Building only those weapons necessary for the internal police of the U. S.*

General Walker stated. "We are now in a stage of transition. It is a change from the Constitution, which provides for defending ourselves — now to let an international organization do it for us. It is a change from constitutional sovereignty, our traditional heritage, and government by, for, and of the people. I swore allegiance to the Constitution of the United States to defend her against all enemies, foreign and domestic. The State

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**Major General Edwin A Walker is now Mr Walker since his resignation from the Army after 30 years of service. He has shown a far-sighted, patriotic, and statesmanly approach toward national policy and military security. As a civilian he is free from any limitations and any obligation to the Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces — the President — and from any muzzling or censorship by the State Department or the Secretary of Defense*

He has shown the courage, willingness, and ability to place the Cold War picture of Dire Peril in our Armed Forces before the American people with complete indifference to his personal welfare. Through resignation he gave up his 30-year earned retirement pay and benefits which would approach fifteen thousand dollars a year. He was certain that the American people did not concur in — and had not accepted — the State Department's planned program for disarmament and the surrender of our national sovereignty, which is the capacity and responsibility to protect lives, homes, and property under justice, law, and order from enemies, foreign and domestic

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Department has commenced its program to take our weapons, the greatest in the world, and physically give them to our enemies — leaving us none for the defense of our country. For many years we have given them the secrets, blueprints, technical knowledge of our greatest weapons. It is clear that any training program stressing the identity and methods of the Communist conspiracy as an enemy is not in consonance with, or in support of, a program to place our Armed Forces and weapons under the UN — the hidden secret program of our government's national policy.

"I ask the question — Who is to de-Americanize the soldier and then UN-ize him? Who is to change his spiritual and moral loyalty from 'Duty, Honor, Country'? Certainly it cannot be done by an army officer under the oath of allegiance to the Constitution. For it to be done, the oath of office must be changed and the American people must be brainwashed to accept UN-ism and UN sovereignty over their lives, homes, and property.

"Where is the training program and the Troop Information Program to implement the training of soldiers to man the UN weapons which could be fired at the United States on UN decision? When do we commence drafting men for UN service? Why has Mr. McNamara, the Secretary of Defense, not issued this program to the Army so that the public and every soldier will know the State Department plan? Is it secret, or is it censorship of the soldier and the public?

"Why has the Troop Information program, whose intent and objectives are to keep the U. S. soldier so well informed, not told him of the plan to place the Army, Navy, and Air Force under the UN and to take his weapons from him and give them to the UN? Is the soldier a second-class citizen, or is he the tool of a police state? Why should he not show this program for disarming him and his country to his foreign friends in Berlin, Korea, Viet Nam, Thailand? I ask you, would this discredit him, his training mission, and you, an American, in the eyes of every nation in which he serves? It would certainly indicate to his foreign friends, our allies, that his days are numbered and his military mission to their land is a pious gesture of fraud, intimidation, and deceit."

THE VICTO

Analysis by Ed

The Rusk-Ball-Rostow "no-win" "no-victory" policy of the State Department calls for — and directs — a McNamara-Yarmolinsky-Sylvester purge of our Armed Forces

The State Department Program to place all armed forces and all weapons under the UN #7277 is a program that plans and establishes the necessary policy, direction, control, and supervision for preparing the Armed Forces, Officers, men and weapons for service under the UN. The United States' implementing agency is the Defense Department, now headed by McNamara.

The Armed Forces of our nation are being mentally and psychologically purged to conform to the "no-win" policy plan of W. W. Rostow, the State Department planner. Military orders, "callups", movements, and operations on land, sea, and air are so ordered and directed as to conform to our losing national policy under UN objectives and UN obligations. Contracts for weapons, ships, and aircraft must conform to the requirements, limitations, and preparations for serving the UN only. In the field of competitive purchase, all members of the UN must be considered in the equalization of contracts. Control of nuclear weapons and weapons research and development has been, and will continue to be, kept in the hands of the "no-win" scientists and politicians. This is the continuing purge of the Armed Forces, according to the planned policy of the State Department implemented by the Department of Defense. It includes the highly centralized control of nuclear weapons, which has long minimized and jeopardized the capability, the military stature of the nation, and the nation's security.

The State Department has established a commissariat system placing its Ugly American representatives at each higher headquarters of military

RY PURGE

ain A Walker

command and as liaison to each military college. Defense Secretary McNamara has established centralized planning and supervision of military training and education. Sylvester, the Under-Secretary for Public Relations, has announced that teams have been put out to comb the military services for rightest officers and beliefs. This is a witch hunt for anyone so *right* and bold as to live by his oath of office. This is the control of political thought and politics in the Armed Forces. This is the purge complete to assure and insure conformance with the State Department's "no-win" policy, to UN control, and to the heavy-handed dictatorial power of McNamara.

The Youth Peace Corps has, to all intents and purposes, superseded our armed forces as the first line of defense. The Armed Forces are being prepared for liquidation The Rusk-Ball-Rostow "no-win" policy prepared and provided for the Communist takeover and control of Cuba, Laos, and South Viet Nam during this period of transition which is obstructed and extended by public obstinacy and military character. The acceptance of our Armed Forces by the Communist countries is a co-ordinated and combined Washington-Moscow arranged plan which will proceed on mutually agreeable timing, terms and co-operation. The present period of delay as augmented thus far reflects the obstinate mood of the American people and the reactionary diplomatic realignment of nations betrayed. Many governments such as France must be given time to develop their position on the Communist bandwagon since we have assured that they will all be a part of the UN wagon train.

The Communist takeover of South Viet Nam is complete. Our withdrawal will be announced when it fits the scheme and when the public is ready to accept another defeat — a defeat for America but a victory for the Red-controlled UN.

THE MILIT

An Analysis by

The Army's approach, directed by Secretary of Defense McNamara, to guerrilla warfare training is a farce — but a good plan to UN-ize our Armed Forces. The mission of the Special Forces is critical and vital in its requirements and responsibilities to support indigenous groups, uprisings, and movements in foreign countries. No Special Force team of twelve soldiers, or an individual soldier, can operate as a U. S. guerrilla since he has to work in seclusion and kill only to defend himself or the security of his mission, while guerrillas are offensive killers and destroyers of key installations.

The Special Force man must know guerrilla work and teach it to indigenous groups, but he himself is no U. S. guerrilla. This is the farce It led to an increase of 5000 in strength in Special Forces, and now the assignment of 1300 Special Force "nation builders" — a new term for raising the standard of living in foreign countries under the military budget. It led to the recall to duty of General Maxwell D. Taylor to add public confidence and military assent to the Special Forces Guerrilla Nation Building Program. All this pretense was for public consumption in our defense of Laos.

This makes three missions — all contradictory: the original Special Forces mission to support foreign uprisings; the requirement to operate as a guerrilla; and the nation building job. The only thing consistent about the whole program and its great publicity is that it makes our Special Forces more suitable and amenable to UN objectives and UN control It prepares these Forces for duties under the UN. It gives them undesirable and endangering publicity under their primary Special Forces role, but now with the additional duty of nation building they are prepared to support the Youth Peace Corps.

The remainder of our Armed Forces are being further prepared for duty under the UN by a recent development which centralizes the Troop Information program for training and indoctrination of troops directly under the Secretary of Defense. The procedure is established for the entire program to be controlled through Arthur Sylvester, Under-Secretary for Public Information, working direct with the Captains of our Armed Forces. The Sylvester Captains' Program intentionally eliminates the Generals and Colonels, now excess baggage. Too many of their speeches had to be censored to conform to the "no-win" "no-victory" policy. The Rusk-Rostow-McNamara-Katzenbach-Yarmolinsky-Sylvester cold-war "no-win" "no-victory" witch hunt and purge within the Armed Forces today is a part of their political commissariat program to control the thoughts, beliefs,

ARY PURGE

Edwin A Walker

and objectives of all soldiers, sailors, and airmen under the Troop Information program. The Captains are betrayed by the elimination of their seniors in the chain of command We now have the UN's UNESCO for the public and "Master of Deceit" McNamara's Troop Information Program for the military. The purging and mental massaging of the Armed Forces through the junior officers and young soldiers whose average age was 12 at the time of the Korean Police Action is no doubt very effective. It appears the General Officers and Colonels are in the military forces to bide their time, draw their pay, and keep their mouths shut.

They could not do otherwise under a State Department "no win" "no victory" policy which includes betrayal of our own Armed Forces through coalition and collaboration with enemy governments and assistance to enemy countries.

There is no battlefield and no country on the globe where a properly led and supported American force could not stop a communist takeover.

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FREEDOM FROM WAR

THE UNITED STATES PROGRAM FOR GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT IN A PEACEFUL WORLD

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FREEDOM FROM WAR

THE UNITED STATES PROGRAM FOR GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT IN A PEACEFUL WORLD

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Introduction

The revolutionary development of modern weapons within a world divided by serious ideological differences has produced a crisis in human history. In order to overcome the danger of nuclear war now confronting mankind, the United States has introduced at the Sixteenth General Assembly of the United Nations a *Program for General and Complete Disarmament in a Peaceful World.*

This new program provides for the progressive reduction of the war-making capabilities of nations and the simultaneous strengthening of international institutions to settle disputes and maintain the peace. It sets forth a series of comprehensive measures which can and should be taken in order to bring about a world in which there will be freedom from war and security for all states. It is based on three principles deemed essential to the achievement of practical progress in the disarmament field:

First, there must be immediate disarmament action:

A strenuous and uninterrupted effort must be made toward the goal of general and complete disarmament; at the same time, it is important that specific measures be put into effect as soon as possible.

Second, all disarmament obligations must be subject to effective international controls:

The control organization must have the manpower, facilities, and effectiveness to assure that limitations or reductions take place as agreed. It must also be able to certify to all states that retained forces and armaments do not exceed those permitted at any stage of the disarmament process.

Third, adequate peace-keeping machinery must be established:

There is an inseparable relationship between the scaling down of national armaments on the one hand and the building up of international peace-keeping machinery and institutions on the other. Nations are unlikely to shed their means of self-protection in the absence of alternative ways to safeguard their legitimate interests. This can only be achieved through the progressive strengthening of international institutions under the United Nations and by creating a United Nations Peace Force to enforce the peace as the disarmament process proceeds.

There follows a summary of the principal provisions of the United States *Program for General and Complete Disarmament in a Peaceful World.* The full text of the program is contained in an appendix to this pamphlet.

FREEDOM FROM WAR

THE UNITED STATES PROGRAM FOR GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT IN A PEACEFUL WORLD

Summary

DISARMAMENT GOAL AND OBJECTIVES

The over-all goal of the United States is a free, secure, and peaceful world of independent states adhering to common standards of justice and international conduct and subjecting the use of force to the rule of law; a world which has achieved general and complete disarmament under effective international control; and a world in which adjustment to change takes place in accordance with the principles of the United Nations.

In order to make possible the achievement of that goal, the program sets forth the following specific objectives toward which nations should direct their efforts:

- The disbanding of all national armed forces and the prohibition of their reestablishment in any form whatsoever other than those required to preserve internal order and for contributions to a United Nations Peace Force;
- The elimination from national arsenals of all armaments, including all weapons of mass destruction and

the means for their delivery, other than those required for a United Nations Peace Force and for maintaining internal order;

- The institution of effective means for the enforcement of international agreements, for the settlement of disputes, and for the maintenance of peace in accordance with the principles of the United Nations;
- The establishment and effective operation of an International Disarmament Organization within the framework of the United Nations to insure compliance at all times with all disarmament obligations.

TASK OF NEGOTIATING STATES

The negotiating states are called upon to develop the program into a detailed plan for general and complete disarmament and to continue their efforts without interruption until the whole program has been achieved. To this end, they are to seek the widest possible area of agreement at the earliest possible date. At the same time, and without prejudice to progress on the disarmament program, they are to seek agreement on those immediate measures that would contribute to the common security of nations and that could facilitate and form part of the total program.

GOVERNING PRINCIPLES

The program sets forth a series of general principles to guide the negotiating states in their work. These make clear that:

- As states relinquish their arms, the United Nations must be progressively strengthened in order to improve its capacity to assure international security and the peaceful settlement of disputes;
- Disarmament must proceed as rapidly as possible, until it is completed, in stages containing balanced, phased, and safeguarded measures;
- Each measure and stage should be carried out in an agreed period of time, with transition from one stage to the next to take place as soon as all measures in the preceding stage have been carried out and verified and as soon as necessary arrangements for verification of the next stage have been made;
- Inspection and verification must establish both that nations carry out scheduled limitations or reductions and that they do not retain armed forces and armaments in excess of those permitted at any stage of the disarmament process; and
- Disarmament must take place in a manner that will not affect adversely the security of any state.

DISARMAMENT STAGES

The program provides for progressive disarmament steps to take place in three stages and for the simultaneous strengthening of international institutions.

FIRST STAGE

The first stage contains measures which would significantly reduce the capabilities of nations to wage

aggressive war. Implementation of this stage would mean that:

- **The nuclear threat would be reduced:**

  All states would have adhered to a treaty effectively prohibiting the testing of nuclear weapons.

  The production of fissionable materials for use in weapons would be stopped and quantities of such materials from past production would be converted to non-weapons uses.

  States owning nuclear weapons would not relinquish control of such weapons to any nation not owning them and would not transmit to any such nation information or material necessary for their manufacture.

  States not owning nuclear weapons would not manufacture them or attempt to obtain control of such weapons belonging to other states.

  A Commission of Experts would be established to report on the feasibility and means for the verified reduction and eventual elimination of nuclear weapons stockpiles.

- **Strategic delivery vehicles would be reduced:**

  Strategic nuclear weapons delivery vehicles of specified categories and weapons designed to counter such vehicles would be reduced to agreed levels by equitable and balanced steps; their production would be discontinued or limited; their testing would be limited or halted.

- **Arms and armed forces would be reduced:**

  The armed forces of the United States and the Soviet Union would be limited to 2.1 million men each (with appropriate levels not exceeding that amount for other militarily significant states); levels of armaments would be correspondingly reduced and their production would be limited.

  An Experts Commission would be established to examine and report on the feasibility and means of accomplishing verifiable reduction and eventual elimination of all chemical, biological and radiological weapons.

- **Peaceful use of outer space would be promoted:**

  The placing in orbit or stationing in outer space of weapons capable of producing mass destruction would be prohibited.

  States would give advance notification of space vehicle and missile launchings.

- **U.N. peace-keeping powers would be strengthened:**

  Measures would be taken to develop and strengthen United Nations arrangements for arbitration, for the development of international law, and for the establishment in Stage II of a permanent U.N. Peace Force.

- **An International Disarmament Organization would be established for effective verification of the disarmament program:**

  Its functions would be expanded progressively as disarmament proceeds.

It would certify to all states that agreed reductions have taken place and that retained forces and armaments do not exceed permitted levels.

It would determine the transition from one stage to the next.

- **States would be committed to other measures to reduce international tension and to protect against the chance of war by accident, miscalculation, or surprise attack:**

States would be committed to refrain from the threat or use of any type of armed force contrary to the principles of the U.N. Charter and to refrain from indirect aggression and subversion against any country.

A U.N. peace observation group would be available to investigate any situation which might constitute a threat to or breach of the peace.

States would be committed to give advance notice of major military movements which might cause alarm; observation posts would be established to report on concentrations and movements of military forces.

SECOND STAGE

The second stage contains a series of measures which would bring within sight a world in which there would be freedom from war. Implementation of all measures in the second stage would mean:

- Further substantial reductions in the armed forces, armaments, and military establishments of states, including strategic nuclear weapons delivery vehicles and countering weapons;

- Further development of methods for the peaceful settlement of disputes under the United Nations;
- Establishment of a permanent international peace force within the United Nations;
- Depending on the findings of an Experts Commission, a halt in the production of chemical, bacteriological, and radiological weapons and a reduction of existing stocks or their conversion to peaceful uses;
- On the basis of the findings of an Experts Commission, a reduction of stocks of nuclear weapons;
- The dismantling or the conversion to peaceful uses of certain military bases and facilities wherever located; and
- The strengthening and enlargement of the International Disarmament Organization to enable it to verify the steps taken in Stage II and to determine the transition to Stage III.

THIRD STAGE

During the third stage of the program, the states of the world, building on the experience and confidence gained in successfully implementing the measures of the first two stages, would take final steps toward the goal of a world in which:

- States would retain only those forces, non-nuclear armaments, and establishments required for the purpose of maintaining internal order; they would also support and provide agreed manpower for a U.N. Peace Force.

- The U.N. Peace Force, equipped with agreed types and quantities of armaments, would be fully functioning.
- The manufacture of armaments would be prohibited except for those of agreed types and quantities to be used by the U.N. Peace Force and those required to maintain internal order. All other armaments would be destroyed or converted to peaceful purposes.
- The peace-keeping capabilities of the United Nations would be sufficiently strong and the obligations of all states under such arrangements sufficiently far-reaching as to assure peace and the just settlement of differences in a disarmed world.

Appendix

DECLARATION ON DISARMAMENT

THE UNITED STATES PROGRAM FOR GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT IN A PEACEFUL WORLD

The Nations of the world,

Conscious of the crisis in human history produced by the revolutionary development of modern weapons within a world divided by serious ideological differences;

Determined to save present and succeeding generations from the scourge of war and the dangers and burdens of the arms race and to create conditions in which all peoples can strive freely and peacefully to fulfill their basic aspirations;

Declare their goal to be: A free, secure, and peaceful world of independent states adhering to common standards of justice and international conduct and subjecting the use of force to the rule of law; a world where adjustment to change takes place in accordance with the principles of the United Nations; a world where there shall be a permanent state of general and complete disarmament under effective international control and where the resources of nations shall be devoted to man's material, cultural, and spiritual advance;

Set forth as the objectives of a program of general and complete disarmament in a peaceful world:

(a) The disbanding of all national armed forces and the prohibition of their reestablishment in any form whatsoever other than those required to preserve internal order and for contributions to a United Nations Peace Force;

(b) The elimination from national arsenals of all armaments, including all weapons of mass destruction and the means for their delivery, other than those required for a United Nations Peace Force and for maintaining internal order;

(c) The establishment and effective operation of an International Disarmament Organization within the framework of the United Nations to ensure compliance at all times with all disarmament obligations;

(d) The institution of effective means for the enforcement of international agreements, for the settlement of disputes, and for the maintenance of peace in accordance with the principles of the United Nations.

Call on the negotiating states:

(a) To develop the outline program set forth below into an agreed plan for general and complete disarmament and to continue their efforts without interruption until the whole program has been achieved;

(b) To this end to seek to attain the widest possible area of agreement at the earliest possible date;

(c) Also to seek—without prejudice to progress on the disarmament program—agreement on those immediate measures that would contribute to the common security of nations and that could facilitate and form a part of that program.

Affirm that disarmament negotiations should be guided by the following principles:

(a) Disarmament shall take place as rapidly as possible until it is completed in stages containing balanced, phased and safeguarded measures, with each measure and stage to be carried out in an agreed period of time.

(b) Compliance with all disarmament obligations shall be effectively verified from their entry into force. Verification arrangements shall be instituted progressively and in such a manner as to verify not only that agreed limitations or reductions take place but also that retained armed forces and armaments do not exceed agreed levels at any stage.

(c) Disarmament shall take place in a manner that will not

affect adversely the security of any state, whether or not a party to an international agreement or treaty.

(d) As states relinquish their arms, the United Nations shall be progressively strengthened in order to improve its capacity to assure international security and the peaceful settlement of differences as well as to facilitate the development of international cooperation in common tasks for the benefit of mankind.

(e) Transition from one stage of disarmament to the next shall take place as soon as all the measures in the preceding stage have been carried out and effective verification is continuing and as soon as the arrangements that have been agreed to be necessary for the next stage have been instituted.

Agree upon the following outline program for achieving general and complete disarmament:

STAGE I

A. *To Establish an International Disarmament Organization:*

(a) An International Disarmament Organization (IDO) shall be established within the framework of the United Nations upon entry into force of the agreement. Its functions shall be expanded progressively as required for the effective verification of the disarmament program.

(b) The IDO shall have: (1) a General Conference of all the parties; (2) a Commission consisting of representatives of all the major powers as permanent members and certain other states on a rotating basis; and (3) an Administrator who will administer the Organization subject to the direction of the Commission and who will have the authority, staff, and finances adequate to assure effective impartial implementation of the functions of the Organization.

(c) The IDO shall: (1) ensure compliance with the obligations undertaken by verifying the execution of measures agreed upon; (2) assist the states in developing the details of agreed further verification and disarmament measures; (3) provide for the estab-

lishment of such bodies as may be necessary for working out the details of further measures provided for in the program and for such other expert study groups as may be required to give continuous study to the problems of disarmament; (4) receive reports on the progress of disarmament and verification arrangements and determine the transition from one stage to the next.

B. *To Reduce Armed Forces and Armaments:*

(a) Force levels shall be limited to 2.1 million each for the U.S. and U.S.S.R. and to appropriate levels not exceeding 2.1 million each for all other militarily significant states. Reductions to the agreed levels will proceed by equitable, proportionate, and verified steps.

(b) Levels of armaments of prescribed types shall be reduced by equitable and balanced steps. The reductions shall be accomplished by transfers of armaments to depots supervised by the IDO. When, at specified periods during the Stage I reduction process, the states party to the agreement have agreed that the armaments and armed forces are at prescribed levels, the armaments in depots shall be destroyed or converted to peaceful uses.

(c) The production of agreed types of armaments shall be limited.

(d) A Chemical, Biological, Radiological (CBR) Experts Commission shall be established within the IDO for the purpose of examining and reporting on the feasibility and means for accomplishing the verifiable reduction and eventual elimination of CBR weapons stockpiles and the halting of their production.

C. *To Contain and Reduce the Nuclear Threat:*

(a) States that have not acceded to a treaty effectively prohibiting the testing of nuclear weapons shall do so.

(b) The production of fissionable materials for use in weapons shall be stopped.

(c) Upon the cessation of production of fissionable materials for use in weapons, agreed initial quantities of fissionable materials from past production shall be transferred to non-weapons purposes.

(d) Any fissionable materials transferred between countries for peaceful uses of nuclear energy shall be subject to appropriate safeguards to be developed in agreement with the IAEA.

(e) States owning nuclear weapons shall not relinquish control of such weapons to any nation not owning them and shall not transmit to any such nation information or material necessary for their manufacture. States not owning nuclear weapons shall not manufacture such weapons, attempt to obtain control of such weapons belonging to other states, or seek or receive information or materials necessary for their manufacture.

(f) A Nuclear Experts Commission consisting of representatives of the nuclear states shall be established within the IDO for the purpose of examining and reporting on the feasibility and means for accomplishing the verified reduction and eventual elimination of nuclear weapons stockpiles.

D. *To Reduce Strategic Nuclear Weapons Delivery Vehicles:*

(a) Strategic nuclear weapons delivery vehicles in specified categories and agreed types of weapons designed to counter such vehicles shall be reduced to agreed levels by equitable and balanced steps. The reduction shall be accomplished in each step by transfers to depots supervised by the IDO of vehicles that are in excess of levels agreed upon for each step. At specified periods during the Stage I reduction process, the vehicles that have been placed under supervision of the IDO shall be destroyed or converted to peaceful uses.

(b) Production of agreed categories of strategic nuclear weapons delivery vehicles and agreed types of weapons designed to counter such vehicles shall be discontinued or limited.

(c) Testing of agreed categories of strategic nuclear weapons delivery vehicles and agreed types of weapons designed to counter such vehicles shall be limited or halted.

E. *To Promote the Peaceful Use of Outer Space:*

(a) The placing into orbit or stationing in outer space of weapons capable of producing mass destruction shall be prohibited.

(b) States shall give advance notification to participating states and to the IDO of launchings of space vehicles and missiles, together with the track of the vehicle.

F. *To Reduce the Risks of War by Accident, Miscalculation, and Surprise Attack:*

(a) States shall give advance notification to the participating states and to the IDO of major military movements and maneuvers, on a scale as may be agreed, which might give rise to misinterpretation or cause alarm and induce countermeasures. The notification shall include the geographic areas to be used and the nature, scale and time span of the event.

(b) There shall be established observation posts at such locations as major ports, railway centers, motor highways, and air bases to report on concentrations and movements of military forces.

(c) There shall also be established such additional inspection arrangements to reduce the danger of surprise attack as may be agreed.

(d) An international commission shall be established immediately within the IDO to examine and make recommendations on the possibility of further measures to reduce the risks of nuclear war by accident, miscalculation, or failure of communication.

G. *To Keep the Peace:*

(a) States shall reaffirm their obligations under the U.N. Charter to refrain from the threat or use of any type of armed force—including nuclear, conventional, or CBR—contrary to the principles of the U.N. Charter.

(b) States shall agree to refrain from indirect aggression and subversion against any country.

(c) States shall use all appropriate processes for the peaceful settlement of disputes and shall seek within the United Nations further arrangements for the peaceful settlement of international disputes and for the codification and progressive development of international law.

(d) States shall develop arrangements in Stage I for the establishment in Stage II of a U.N. Peace Force.

(e) A U.N. peace observation group shall be staffed with a standing cadre of observers who could be despatched to investigate any situation which might constitute a threat to or breach of the peace.

STAGE II

A. *International Disarmament Organization:*

The powers and responsibilities of the IDO shall be progressively enlarged in order to give it the capabilities to verify the measures undertaken in Stage II.

B. *To Further Reduce Armed Forces and Armaments:*

(a) Levels of forces for the U.S., U.S.S.R., and other militarily significant states shall be further reduced by substantial amounts to agreed levels in equitable and balanced steps.

(b) Levels of armaments of prescribed types shall be further reduced by equitable and balanced steps. The reduction shall be accomplished by transfers of armaments to depots supervised by the IDO. When, at specified periods during the Stage II reduction process, the parties have agreed that the armaments and armed forces are at prescribed levels, the armaments in depots shall be destroyed or converted to peaceful uses.

(c) There shall be further agreed restrictions on the production of armaments.

(d) Agreed military bases and facilities wherever they are located shall be dismantled or converted to peaceful uses.

(e) Depending upon the findings of the Experts Commission on CBR weapons, the production of CBR weapons shall be halted, existing stocks progressively reduced, and the resulting excess quantities destroyed or converted to peaceful uses.

C. *To Further Reduce the Nuclear Threat:*

Stocks of nuclear weapons shall be progressively reduced to the minimum levels which can be agreed upon as a result of the find-

ings of the Nuclear Experts Commission; the resulting excess of fissionable material shall be transferred to peaceful purposes.

D. *To Further Reduce Strategic Nuclear Weapons Delivery Vehicles:*

Further reductions in the stocks of strategic nuclear weapons delivery vehicles and agreed types of weapons designed to counter such vehicles shall be carried out in accordance with the procedure outlined in Stage I.

E. *To Keep the Peace:*

During Stage II, states shall develop further the peace-keeping processes of the United Nations, to the end that the United Nations can effectively in Stage III deter or suppress any threat or use of force in violation of the purposes and principles of the United Nations:

(a) States shall agree upon strengthening the structure, authority, and operation of the United Nations so as to assure that the United Nations will be able effectively to protect states against threats to or breaches of the peace.

(b) The U.N. Peace Force shall be established and progressively strengthened.

(c) States shall also agree upon further improvements and developments in rules of international conduct and in processes for peaceful settlement of disputes and differences.

STAGE III

By the time Stage II has been completed, the confidence produced through a verified disarmament program, the acceptance of rules of peaceful international behavior, and the development of strengthened international peace-keeping processes within the framework of the U.N. should have reached a point where the states of the world can move forward to Stage III. In Stage III progressive controlled disarmament and continuously developing principles and procedures of international law would proceed to

a point where no state would have the military power to challenge the progressively strengthened U.N. Peace Force and all international disputes would be settled according to the agreed principles of international conduct.

The progressive steps to be taken during the final phase of the disarmament program would be directed toward the attainment of a world in which:

(a) States would retain only those forces, non-nuclear armaments, and establishments required for the purpose of maintaining internal order; they would also support and provide agreed manpower for a U.N Peace Force.

(b) The U.N. Peace Force, equipped with agreed types and quantities of armaments, would be fully functioning.

(c) The manufacture of armaments would be prohibited except for those of agreed types and quantities to be used by the U.N. Peace Force and those required to maintain internal order. All other armaments would be destroyed or converted to peaceful purposes.

(d) The peace-keeping capabilities of the United Nations would be sufficiently strong and the obligations of all states under such arrangements sufficiently far-reaching as to assure peace and the just settlement of differences in a disarmed world.

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(Name of Special Agent)

To Be Returned Yes ( )
No (X)

Description: 36 pages autostat of material concerning captioned organization

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DATE 2/26/98 BY 5668 SLD/mde (JFK)

ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SENT TO
NATIONAL ARCHIVES (JFKARCA)
DATE 4-16-98 FAT 34

JFK/DFP unnamed organization of Dallas TX

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 2/26/98 BY 56608-SLD/mde
(SFK)

ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SENT TO
NATIONAL ARCHIVES (JFK ARCA)
DATE 4-16-98 FBI 34
JFK/DGP unnamed organization of Dallas TX

Rifle	Knife	cotton gauze	Insect repellent
Pistols	Holster	Bactine powder	Matches
Boots	Pistol belt	Jacket;med wt.	Emory stone & file
Pack	Canteen & cover	Halozone tablets	Extra shoe laces
Pancho	Hand ax	Toilet kit(t.brush soap, towel	Salt 2 lbs
Sleeping Bag	Hat	~~Sugar 2 lbs~~	Hand shovel
Fatigue Shirt	Gloves,leather,l'nd	Fish hooks,line	Snake bite kit
Civilian Clothing	Cooking kit	Choc. bars	Survival food
Compass, Lenjetic	Eating utensils	Nylon string-ball	Candles
Map, Dallas area	Rope;500 lb.nylon	Parafin strips	Blanket pins
Ammunition	Needle & thread	Neetsfoot oil	Gun cleaning equip.
Pencil & paper	Iodine		
Socks,wool	Adhesive tape (1")		
Long underwear	Pins (catch & stick)		

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Initiation Fee

Dues: Month Assessments

JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	

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Rifle	Knife	cotton gauze	Insect repellent
Pistols	Holster	Bactine powder	Matches
Boots	Pistol belt	Jacket;med wt.	Emory stone & file
Pack	Canteen & cover	Halozone tablets	Extra shoe laces
Pancho	Hand ax	Toilet kit(t.brush soap,towel	Salt 2 lbs
Sleeping Bag	Hat	Sugar 2 lbs	Hand shovel
Fatigue Shirt	Gloves,leather,l'nd	Fish hooks,line	Snake bite kit
Civilian Clothing	Cooking kit	Choc. bars	Survival food
Compass, Lenjetic	Eating utensils	Nylon string ball	Candles
Map, Dallas area	Rope;500 lb.Nylon	Parafin strips	Blanket pins
Ammunition	Needle & thread	Neetsfoot oil	Gun cleaning equip.
Pencil & paper	Iodine		
Socks,wool	Adhesive tape (I")		
Long underwear	Pins (catch & stick)		

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1 Rifle	Knife	cotton gauze	Insect repellent
2 Pistols	Holster	Bacting powder	Matches
3 Boots	Pistol-belt	Jacket;med wt.	Emory stone & file
4 Pack	Canteen & cover	Halozone tablets	Extra shoe laces
Pancho	Hand ax	Toilet kit(t.brush soap,towel	Salt 2 lbs
Sleeping Bag	Hat	Sugar-2 lbs	Hand shovel
Fatigue-Shirt	Gloves,leather,lind	Fish hooks,line	Snake bite kit
Civilian Clothing	Cooking kit	Choc. bars	Survival food
Compass, Lenjetic	Eating utensils	Nylon string ball	Candles
Map, Dallas area	Rope;500 lb.rylon	Parafin strips	Blanket pins
Ammunition	Needle & thread	Neetsfoot oil	Gun cleaning equip
Pencil & paper	Iodine		
Socks,wool	Adhesive tape (1")		
Long underwear	Pins (catch & stick)		

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Initiation Fee Assessments

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Initiation Fee

Dues: 2

Month

Assessments

JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	

Rifle .303	Knife	cotton gauze	Insect repellent
Pistols 357 .22	Holster	Bactine powder	Matches
Boots	Pistol belt	Jacket;med wt.	Emory stone & file
Pack	Canteen & cover	Halozone tablets	Extra shoe laces
Pancho	Hand ax	Toilet kit(t.brush soap,towel	Salt 2 lbs
Sleeping Bag	Hat	Sugar 2 lbs	Hand shovel
Fatigue Shirt	Gloves,leather,l'nd	Fish hooks,line	Snake bite kit
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Map, Dallas area	Rope;500 lb.nylon	Parafin strips	Blanket pins
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Pencil & paper	Iodine		
Socks,wool	Adhesive tape (1")		
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